

ioLogik E2214 User's Manual

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ioLogik E2214 User's Manual

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The ioLogik E2214 is a stand-alone Active Ethernet I/O product with 6 digital inputs and 6 relay outputs. The DIN-Rail mountable E2214 can be connected to digital switches, alarm lights, buzzers, and warning sirens over Ethernet and IP-based networks.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❑ **Overview**

- Traditional Remote I/O
- Active Ethernet I/O
- Click&Go
- Optional Liquid Crystal Display Module (LCM)

❑ **Product Features**

❑ **Package List**

❑ **Product Specifications**

❑ **Physical Dimensions (Unit = mm)**

❑ **Hardware Reference**

- Panel Guide
- Pin Assignments
- LED Indicators

Overview



The ioLogik E2214 is a member of the E2000 line of ioLogik Active Ethernet I/O products, which are designed for intelligent, pro-active status reporting of attached sensors, transmitters, and transducers, over a network. The E2214 comes with embedded 6 digital inputs and 6 relay outputs and has 2 MB of Flash ROM, 8 MB of SDRAM, and supports an optional hot-pluggable Liquid Crystal Module (LCM) for viewing and configuring device settings.

Traditional Remote I/O

Ethernet remote I/O solutions have been on the market for a long time. Traditional solutions are “passive” in the sense that I/O servers wait passively to be polled by a host computer. The response time in this type of setup, however, tends to be on the order of seconds. The “passive” remote I/O structure is simply inadequate for Data Acquisition and Control (DAC) systems that require an efficient, real-time I/O solution with a response time on the order of hundredths of seconds.

Active Ethernet I/O

Moxa's **Active Ethernet I/O** line was developed specifically to address the limitations of the traditional passive approach. Rather than having the host computer poll the I/O device server over the network for the status of each I/O device, the **Active Ethernet I/O server** intelligently sends the host computer status information only under specified conditions. This is a **report by exception** approach, which greatly reduces the load on CPU and network resources. Network packets are far fewer in number and far smaller in size, since I/O information is only sent when necessary, and only information from the specified I/O device is sent. Based on field tests of an ioLogik E2000 series server used in an RFID system, 50 ms is the typical response time over a 100 Mbps Ethernet network. Moxa's active I/O messaging system uses TCP or UDP for I/O messaging and supports sending messages to up to ten host computers simultaneously.

In addition to providing intelligent status reporting, Active Ethernet I/O servers are backwards compatible, with all of the functions and capabilities of traditional passive remote I/O servers.

Click&Go

Moxa developed the Click&Go logic control interface for easy configuration and deployment of Active Ethernet I/O. Click&Go's intuitive, graphical interface lets administrators use simple IF/THEN statements as rules to determine how the Active Ethernet I/O server responds to different I/O conditions. For example, the Active Ethernet I/O server could be set to turn on an attached switch as well as send an e-mail or SNMP trap when an attached event counter reaches a certain value. Click&Go makes it easy to define a set of these rules, which will become the basis for your Active Ethernet I/O system.

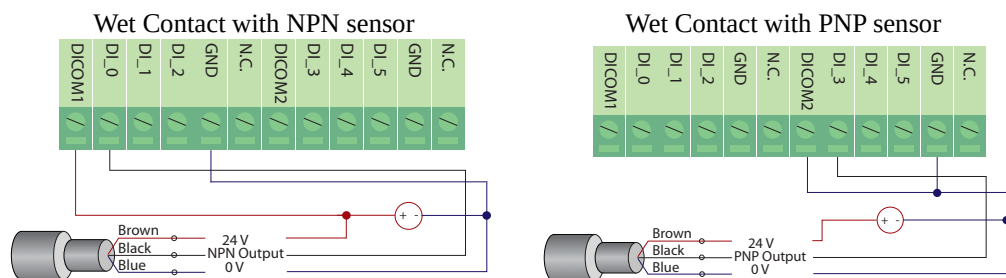
Optional Liquid Crystal Display Module (LCM)

The ioLogik E2214 supports an optional hot-pluggable Liquid Crystal Module (LCM) for field management and configuration. The LCM can display network and I/O settings such as digital input mode and value. The ioLogik E2214's IP address and netmask can also be configured using the LCM, and one LCM can be used to maintain and configure multiple ioLogik products.

Product Features

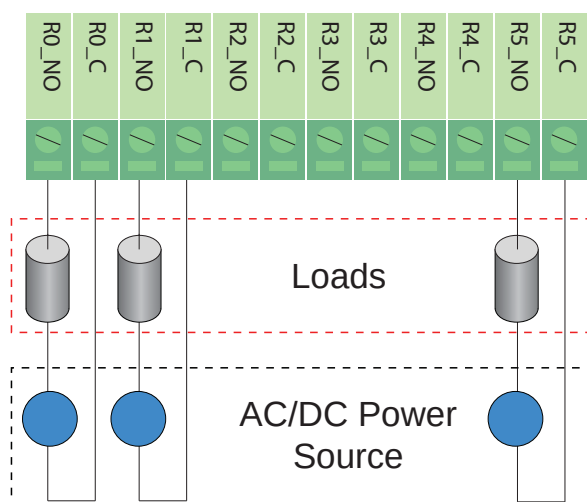
Digital Inputs

The ioLogik E2214 supports dry contact, PNP, and NPN sensors. The sensor type is determined by your wiring approach. Sensors can be wired in two different groups, so both PNP and NPN sensors can be connected to the unit at the same time.



Relay Outputs

The ioLogik E2214's relay outputs are slim Form A type power relays with Normal Switching Capacity of 5A at 250 VAC or 5A at 30 VDC. These relay outputs can connect to alarm strobes, buzzers, sirens, and second tier external control boards.



Patented Click&Go logic for easy local control without programming

Moxa's Click&Go logic is used with Active Ethernet I/O products to make it easy to define a set of rules for local control of attached output devices. For example, you can define a rule that activates an attached switch and sends an e-mail when a sensor event occurs a certain number of times.

Instant event reporting by TCP, UDP, e-mail, or SNMP trap

Active Ethernet I/O products can report I/O events automatically to any network host. Reports are fully customizable and can be sent by TCP, UDP, e-mail, or SNMP trap.

Peer-to-peer I/O for transmission of sensor signals over Ethernet without controller

The ioLogik E2214 supports Peer-to-Peer I/O operation, where sensor signals are transmitted over Ethernet to another ioLogik E2214. For typical 100 Mbps LANs, latency is only 100 ms.

Power fail counter storage memory

The ioLogik E2214 can store event counter values for digital inputs and relay outputs. Moreover, these values will not be lost during a power failure or after disconnection.

Power On default relay status with sequence

The ioLogik E2214 is designed to set the default relay status while powering up. Default status can be configured to On and Off with a power-on delay that forces the devices connected to the E2214 to be powered up sequentially to avoid a burst of system power.

RoHS compliance

As required by EU regulations, the ioLogik E2214 is fully RoHS-compliant.

Package List

The ioLogik E2214 is shipped with the following items:

Standard Accessories

- ioLogik E2214
- Document and Software CD

Optional Accessories

- LDP1602 ioLogik LCM (Liquid Crystal Display Module)

NOTE: Notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Product Specifications

LAN

Interface	10/100BaseTx with MDI/MDIX, RJ45
Protocols	Modbus/TCP, TCP/IP, UDP, DHCP, Bootp, SNMP(MIB for I/O and Network), HTTP, SNTP
Protection	1.5KV magnetic isolation
IP Address	Fixed, dynamic (DHCP) Default: 192.168.127.254

Serial

Interface	RS-485 (2 wire): Data+, Data-, GND
Serial Line Protection	15 KV ESD for all signals

Serial Communication Parameters

Parity	None
Data Bits	8
Stop Bits	1
Flow Control	None
Speed	1200 to 115200 bps
Protocol	Modbus/RTU

Digital Input

Inputs	6 fixed channels, two 3-channel groups for sink/source type
I/O Mode	DI or event counter (up to 900 Hz)
DI COM Power Input	24 VDC nominal, up to 36 VDC
Dry Contact	Logic 0: short to GND Logic 1: open
Wet Contact	Logic 0: 0 to 3 VDC Logic 1: 10 to 30 VDC (DI COM to DI)
Common Type	3 points for each COM
Isolation	3000 VDC / 2000 Vrms
Protection	Over voltage protection: +36 VDC
Counter Power Off Storage	Yes

Relay Output

Channels	6 Form A (N.O.) relay outputs, 5A
Contact Rating	5A @ 30 VDC, 5A @ 240 VAC, 5A @ 110 VAC
Inductance Load	2A
Resistance Load	5A
Breakdown voltage	500 VAC
Relay On/Off Time	10 ms, 5 ms (Max.)
Initial Insulation Resistance	1G min. @ 500 VDC
Expected Life	100,000 times (Typical)
Initial Contact Resistance	30m ohms (Max.)
Pulse Output	20 operation times per minutes at rated load
Isolation	3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Environmental

Operation Temperature	-10 to 60°C (14 to 140°F), 5 to 95% RH
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F), 50 to 95% RH

Wiring

I/O Cable

Certifications

Max. 14 AWG

Shock, Freefall, Vibration,

CE Class A, Level 3,

FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) Class A

UL-508

EC 61000-6-2, EC 61000-6-4

Accessories

LCM

Hot-pluggable attachment for IP display, DI/DO status

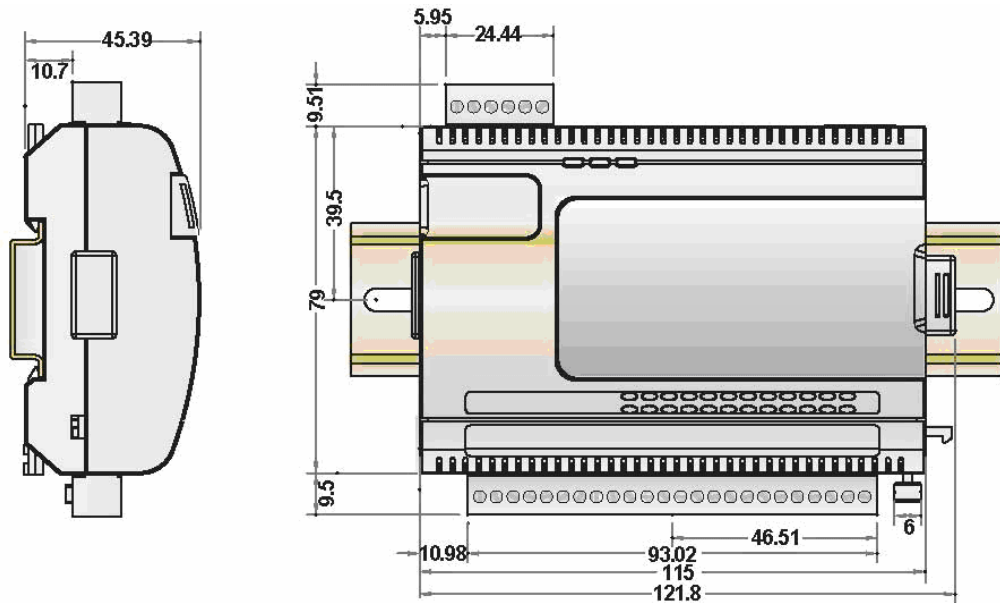
16x2 character display

Backlit screen

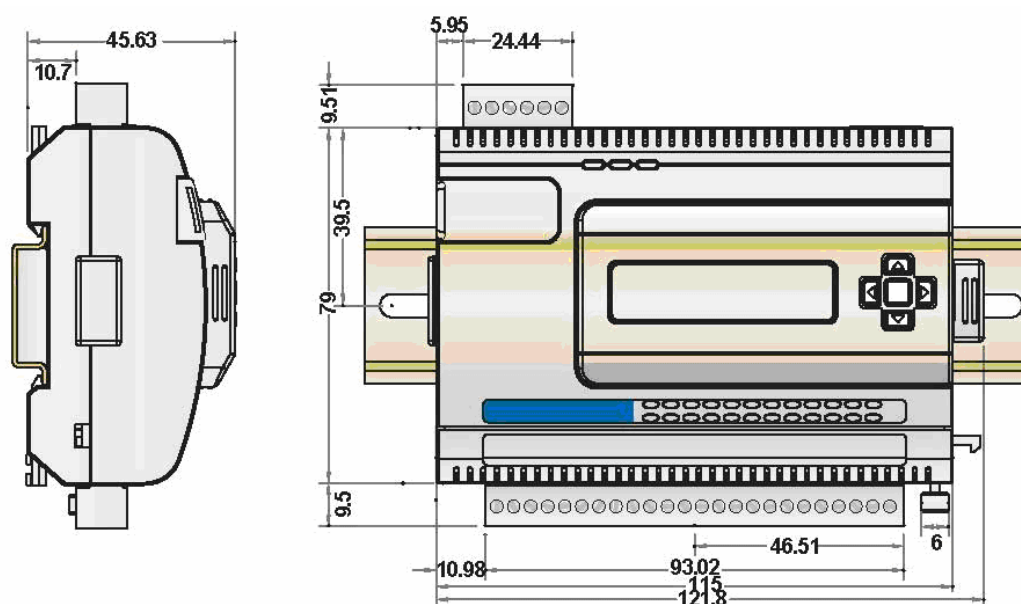
5 buttons

Physical Dimensions (Unit = mm)

Without LCM

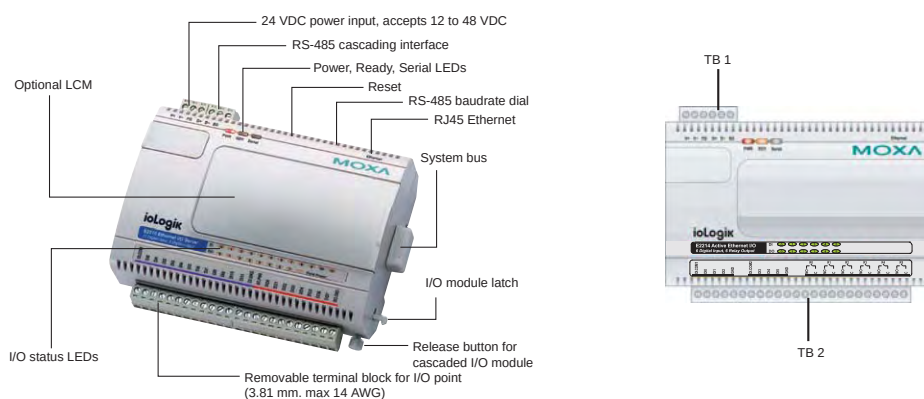


With LCM



Hardware Reference

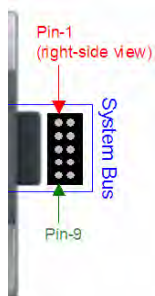
Panel Guide



NOTE: The reset button restarts the server and resets all settings to factory defaults. Use a pointed object such as a straightened paper clip to hold the reset button down for 5 sec. The RDY LED will turn red as you are holding the reset button down. The factory defaults will be loaded once the RDY LED turns green again. At this point you can release the reset button.

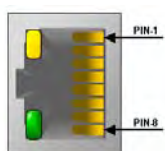
Pin Assignments

System Bus



Pin	1	2	3	4	5
Signal	V+	V-	V+	V-	NC
Pin	6	7	8	9	10
Signal	NC	Data+	SYNC	Data-	GND

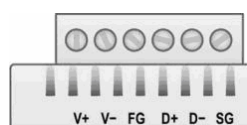
Ethernet Port



Pin	1	2	3	4
Signal	TXD ⁺	TXD ⁻	RXD ⁺	X

Pin	5	6	7	8
Signal	X	RXD ⁻	X	X

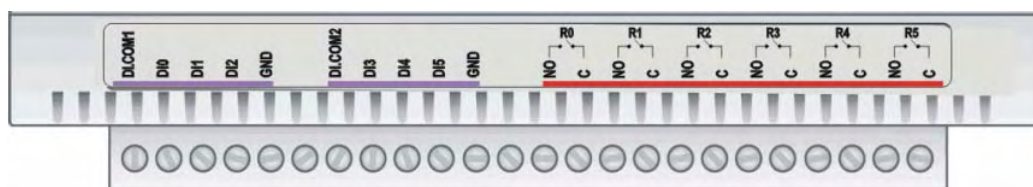
TB1 (Power Input & RS-485 Connector)



Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6
Signal	V+	V-	FG	D+	D-	SG

(V+: 12 to 48V)

TB2 (Digital Input and Output Terminal)



Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Signal	DI COM1	DI0	DI1	DI2	GND	N.C	DI COM2	DI3	DI4

Pin	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Signal	DI5	GND	N.C	R0_NO	R0_C	R1_NO	R1_C	R2_NO	R2_C

Pin	19	20	21	22	23	24
Signal	R3_NO	R3_C	R4_NO	R4_C	R5_NO	R5_C

LED Indicators

Ethernet		
Ethernet	Orange	Live 10Mbps Ethernet connection
	Green	Live 100Mbps Ethernet connection
	Flashing	Transmitting or receiving data
System LEDs		
PWR	Red	Power is on
Ready	Red	System error
	Green	(steady) ioLogik E2214 is functioning normally (flashing) Click&Go logic is active
	Green & red	(flashing) ioLogik E2214 is in Safe Status
Serial	(flashing)	Serial port is receiving or transmitting data
I/O LEDs		
DI × 6	Green	Status is ON
	Off	Status is OFF
DO × 6	Green	Status is ON
	Off	Status is OFF

2

Initial Setup

This chapter describes how to install the ioLogik E2214.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❑ **Hardware Installation**

- Connecting the Power
- Grounding the Unit
- Connecting to the Network
- Adding More I/O Channels
- Setting the RS-485 Baudrate
- Connecting the I/O Device

❑ **Software Installation**

Hardware Installation

Connecting the Power

Connect the 12 to 48 VDC power line to the ioLogik's terminal block (TB1). If power is properly supplied, the power LED will glow a solid red color until the system is ready



ATTENTION

Disconnect the power before installing and wiring!

Disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your ioLogik.

Do not exceed the maximum current for the wiring!

Determine the maximum possible current for each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size.

If the current exceeds the maximum rating, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.

Grounding the Unit

The ioLogik is equipped with two grounding points, one on the wall mount socket and the other on the DIN-rail mount. Both grounding points are connected to the same conducting pathway.

Connecting to the Network

1. Connect the ioLogik to the host PC with an Ethernet cable. For initial configuration, it is recommended that the ioLogik E2214 to be configured using a direct connection to a host computer rather than remotely over the Internet.
2. Set the host PC's IP address to 192.168.127.xxx. (xxx: from 001 to 253). In Windows, you can adjust this setting through the Control Panel.

Default IP Address	Default Netmask	Default Gateway
192.168.127.254	255.255.255.0	None

3. Use ioAdmin or the web console to detect the ioLogik. Once the ioLogik has been detected, modify the settings as needed for your network environment, then restart the server.

Adding More I/O Channels

A cost effective way to add more I/O channels to your ioLogik is to attach an appropriate ioLogik R2000 series I/O. The 2 ioLogiks can be snapped together using the RS-485 System Bus connector, as shown in the following figure. For the ioLogik E2000 series, additional digital I/O channels are added using the ioLogik R2110. Additional analog channels are added using the ioLogik R2140.



**ATTENTION**

Multiple ioLogik E2000/R2000 units can be snapped together as part of the same RS-485 system, but when connecting the power, be sure to use the following steps, in the order shown here:

1. Remove the first ioLogik's TB1 terminal block.
2. Snap all ioLogik units together, with the system bus on the side panel.
3. Install the first ioLogik's TB1 terminal block.
4. Turn on the system power.

**ATTENTION**

A total of 31 additional ioLogik R2000 products can be attached to one ioLogik E2000. The best space-saving arrangement is to use TB1 terminal block for the cascaded RS-485 connections, instead of using the system bus.

**ATTENTION**

All I/O channels of the ioLogik E2000+R2000 system can be polled by a remote host PC, but the Click&Go logic on can only be used on the ioLogik E2000. Click&go local logic control is currently not supported by R2000 products.

**ATTENTION**

When using the RS-485 cascading interface or System Bus to expand more I/O channels or to connect to RS-485 Modbus devices, the ioLogik E2000 will have an RS-485 Unit ID of 1. The ID of the attached ioLogik R2000 or other devices should always have a Unit ID of 2 or greater, with an upper limit of 31.

Setting the RS-485 Baudrate

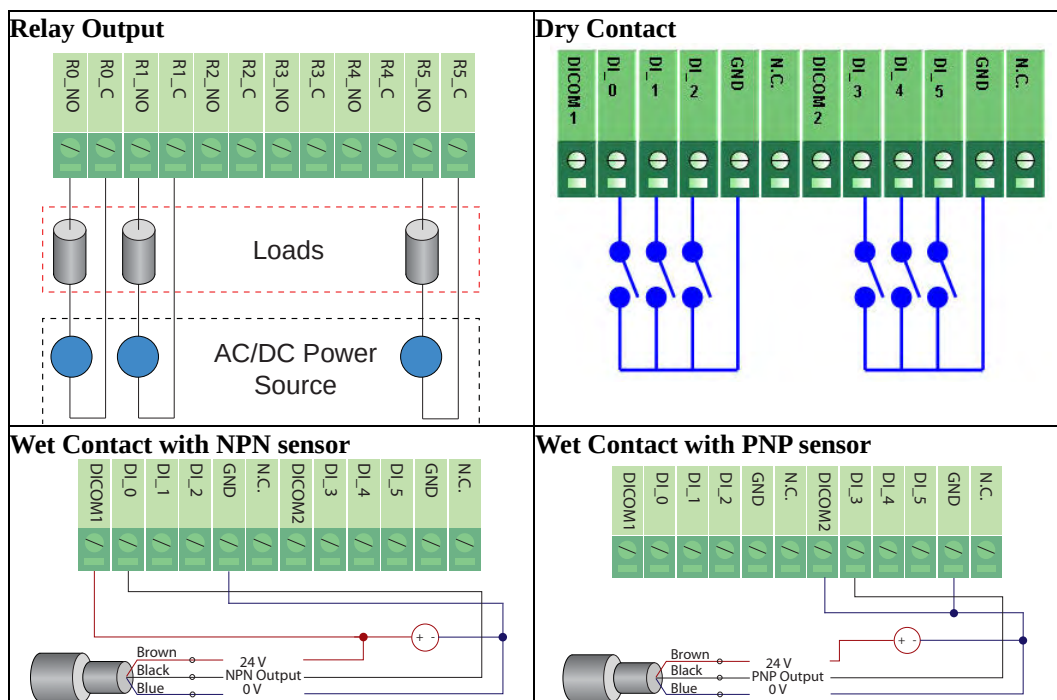
The RS-485 port on the ioLogik E2214 is reserved to connect to another RS-485 I/O device. The RS-485 port can run Modbus/RTU or I/O command sets. The baudrate is set by a physical dial on the back of the ioLogik. The default settings are baudrate = 115200, parity check = N, data bits = 8, and stop bit = 1.

	Baudrate for RS-485 (parameters are N, 8, 1)	Dial setting and corresponding baudrate:			
		0:115200	1:57600	2:38400	3:19200
		4:9600	5:4800	6:2400	7:1200

Remember to restart the ioLogik E2214 after making any changes to the RS-485 baud rate.

Connecting the I/O Device

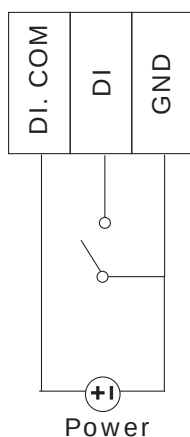
With 6 channels of digital inputs and 6 channels of relay outputs, the ioLogik E2214 offers great flexibility for connecting I/O devices. Also, unlike traditional Ethernet I/O products, the ioLogik E2214 can connect to dry contact, PNP, and NPN sensors at the same time. The sensor type determines your wiring approach, as shown in the following examples:



ATTENTION

When connecting the I/O device to the ioLogik's dry contacts, we strongly recommend connecting DI.Com to the power of the external sensor to avoid affecting other channels.

DI Dry Contact





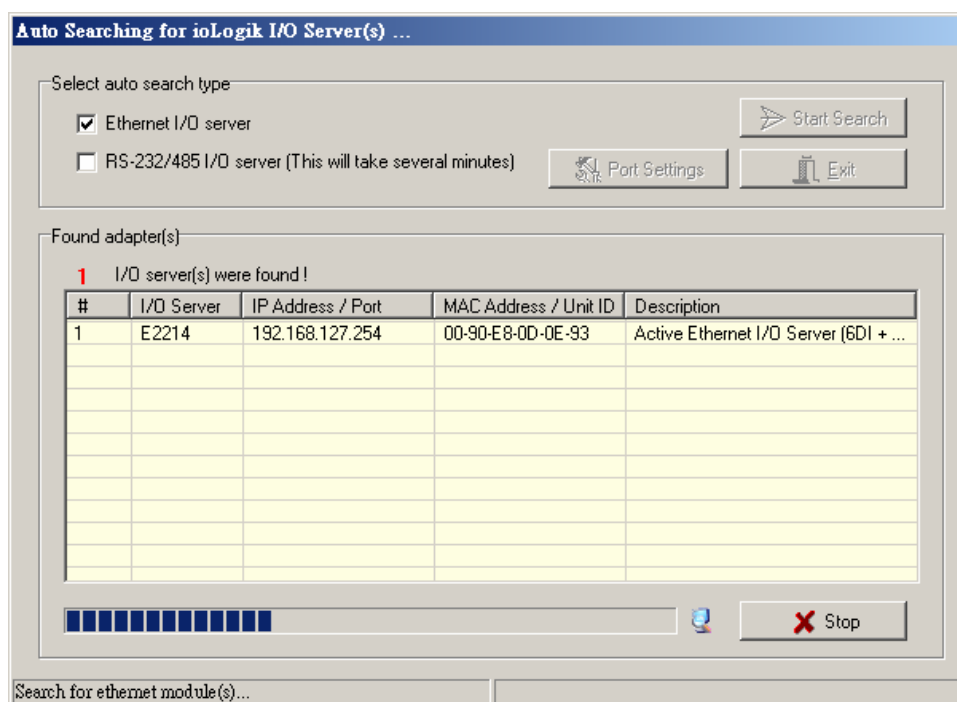
ATTENTION

Sensor types are set in groups, with DI-0 to DI-2 forming one group and DI-3- to DI-5 forming another group. If an NPN sensor is connected to DI-0, then only NPN sensors can be connected to the other DI channels in the group (i.e., DI-1 and DI-2). Likewise, if a PNP sensor is connected to DI-3, then only PNP sensors can be connected to the other DI channels in the group (i.e., DI-4 and DI-5).

Software Installation

ioAdmin is a Windows utility provided for the configuration and management of ioLogik E2000 products and attached I/O devices. ioAdmin can be used from anywhere on the network to monitor and configure ioLogik E2000 products. You can also configure some of the settings through the web console or optional LCM.

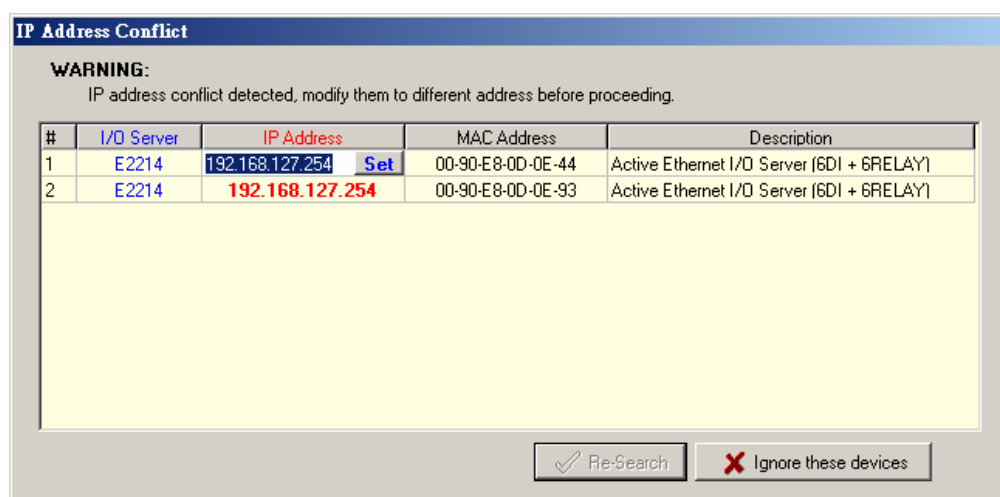
1. **Installation from CD:** Insert the Document and Software CD into the host computer. In the Software\ioAdmin directory of the CD, locate and run SETUP.EXE. The installation program will guide you through the installation process and install the ioAdmin utility. You can also install the MXIO DLL library or ioEventLog separately.
2. **Open ioAdmin:** After installation is finished, run ioAdmin from the Windows Start menu: **Start → Program Files → MOXA → IO Server → Utility → ioAdmin.**
3. **Search the network for ioLogik:** When ioAdmin is started, it will automatically run the auto search program. Or find it on the menu bar, select **System → Auto Scan Active Ethernet I/O.** A dialog window will appear. Click **Start Search** to begin searching for your unit.



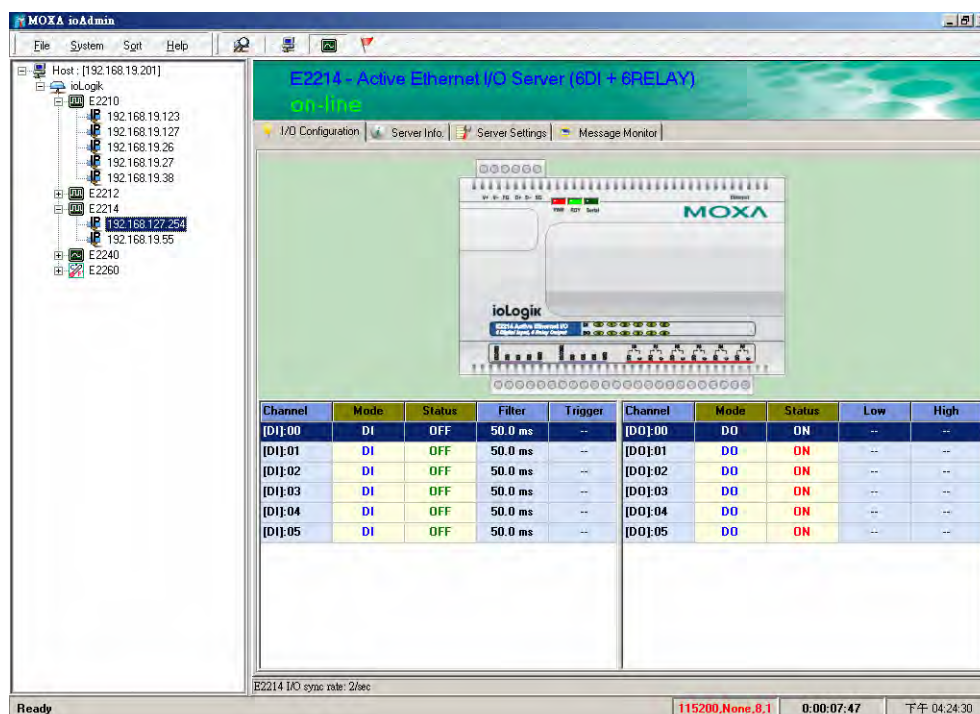
NOTE: The best approach to set up a pre-configured ioLogik is to reset it to the factory default using the reset button (see Chap.1). You can then use ioAdmin to configure the ioLogik.

Connecting Multiple ioLogik E2000 Units

If multiple ioLogik E2000 units are installed on the same network, remember that each unit has the same default IP address. You will need to assign a different IP address to each unit to avoid IP conflicts. ioAdmin automatically detects IP conflicts and gives you a chance to modify each unit's IP address in the "IP Address" columns. Click the "Set" button to reboot the corresponding unit with its new IP address. Click the "Re-Search" button to refresh the list of units found by ioAdmin.



4. **Monitoring I/O status:** Once your unit has been found by ioAdmin, you can view the status of all attached I/O devices on ioAdmin's main screen.



You can now use ioAdmin to setup or configure your unit. Please refer to Chapter 3 for additional information on using ioAdmin.

In this chapter, we explain how to use ioAdmin to configure your ioLogik product.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ❑ **Introduction to ioAdmin**
- ❑ **Features of ioAdmin**
- ❑ **ioAdmin Main Screen**
 - Main Screen Overview
 - Wiring Guide
- ❑ **Menu Items**
- ❑ **Main Window**
- ❑ **ioAdmin Administrator Functions**
 - I/O Configuration Tab (Administrator)
 - Relay Count Monitoring
 - Alias Name Set
 - Server Settings Tab (Administrator)
 - Network Tab
 - Firmware Update Tab
 - Watchdog Tab
 - Click&Go Logic Tab
- ❑ **Server Context Menu**
- ❑ **Using TFTP to Import/Export Configuration**
- ❑ **Using ioEventLog**

Introduction to ioAdmin

ioLogik Ethernet I/O can be managed and configured over the Ethernet with ioAdmin, a Windows utility provided with your ioLogik. ioAdmin's graphical-user interface gives you easy access to all status information and settings.

The ioLogik E2000 series also supports configuration by web console and by optional LCM, but full configuration and management is only available through the ioAdmin utility.

A new feature in ioAdmin automatically detects IP conflicts between ioLogik E2000 units. If ioAdmin detects an IP conflict, a window will appear that allows you to resolve the IP conflict immediately and restart each unit. ioAdmin can also be used to configure Click&go local logic control to control your ioLogik system.

Features of ioAdmin

Remote management

Over the Ethernet network, ioAdmin allows users to

- Search and configure multiple ioLogiks.
- Perform I/O status monitoring and control
- Use active message monitoring
- Use Click&Go local logic control configuration
- Use the firmware upgrade interface
- Restart the ioLogik
- Reset to factory defaults

On-line Wiring Guide

A wiring guide can be opened from within ioAdmin for your convenience. The easily accessible wiring guide can save administrators much time while planning or troubleshooting.



Configuration File

ioAdmin allows the entire configuration of the ioLogik E2000 series to be saved as a file. The file is viewable as text and can serve three purposes:

- As a record or backup of configuration.
- As a template for the configuration of other ioLogik E2000 series.
- As a quick reference guide for you to configure Modbus drivers in a SCADA system

The file includes the following information:

- File title, Date, and Time
- Model Information
- System Configuration
- Modbus Address

Server Management List

ioAdmin can import and export a list of ioLogik that are being managed. This file can make it easier to manage all devices on the network, and includes the following information:

- Server name
- Module
- IP address
- Unit ID

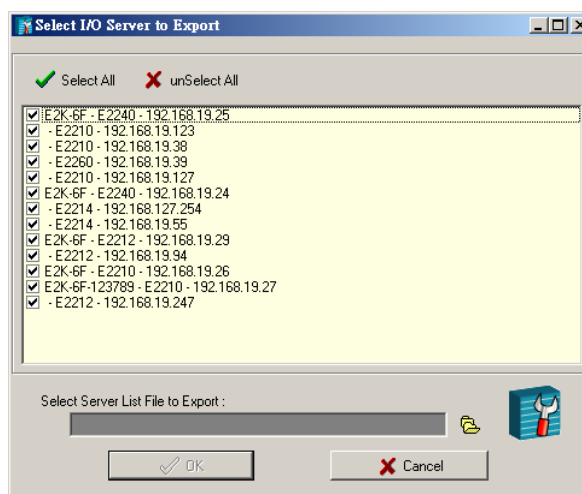
```
ioLogik E2214 Network I/O Server Configuration
=====
Date: 1970/01/-9525
Time: -2:-31:-2
Firmware: V1.0 Build08022212

[1. Model]
-----
MOD_TYPE=E2214 - Active Ethernet I/O Server (6DI + 6DO)
MOD_LOC=
MOD_NAME=

[2. I/O Configurations]
-----
D100=0,(D1),          D100_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
D101=0,(D1),          D101_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
D102=0,(D1),          D102_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
D103=0,(D1),          D103_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
D104=0,(D1),          D104_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
D105=0,(D1),          D105_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)

D000=0,(D0),          D000_PWN=1,(0n),          D000_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
D001=0,(D0),          D001_PWN=1,(0n),          D001_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
D002=0,(D0),          D002_PWN=1,(0n),          D002_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
D003=0,(D0),          D003_PWN=1,(0n),          D003_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
D004=0,(D0),          D004_PWN=1,(0n),          D004_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
D005=0,(D0),          D005_PWN=1,(0n),          D005_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),

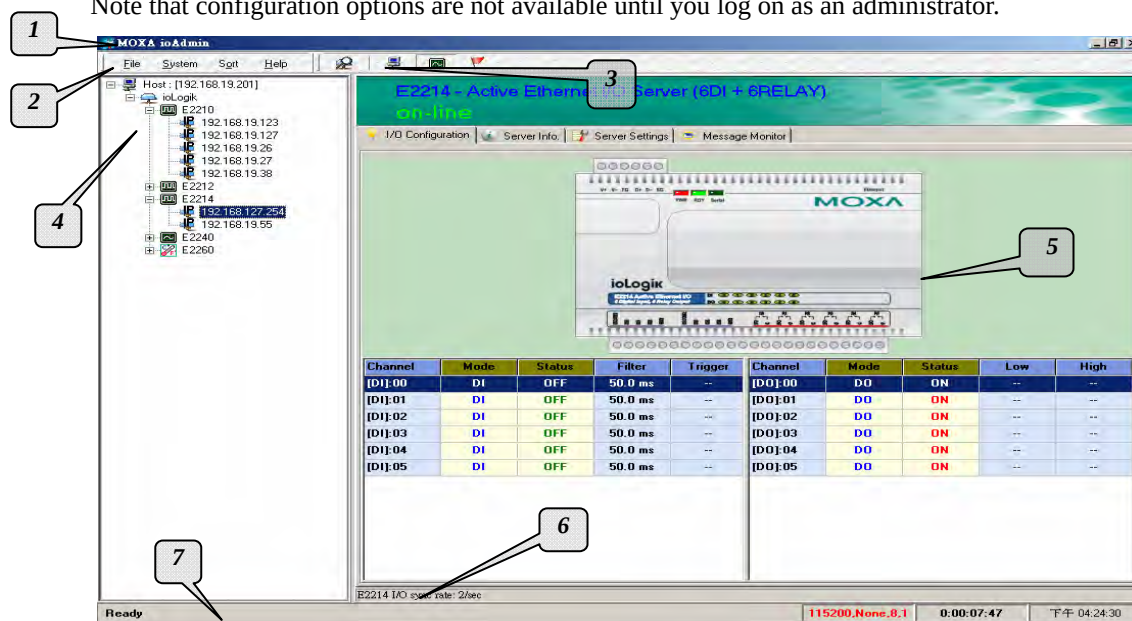
[3. Modbus address table]
-----
CHANNEL      I/O TYPE      MODBUS REFERENCE      MODBUS ADDRESS (Dec, Hex)
D100          Input         10001                  0000, 0x0000
D101          Input         10002                  0001, 0x0001
D102          Input         10003                  0002, 0x0002
D103          Input         10004                  0003, 0x0003
D104          Input         10005                  0004, 0x0004
D105          Input         10006                  0005, 0x0005
```



ioAdmin Main Screen

Main Screen Overview

This is ioAdmin's main screen. The main window defaults to the I/O Configuration tab, which displays a figure of your unit with the status of every I/O channel. The other tabs in the main window take you to server and network settings, and further functions are available when you log on to ioLogik. Note that configuration options are not available until you log on as an administrator.



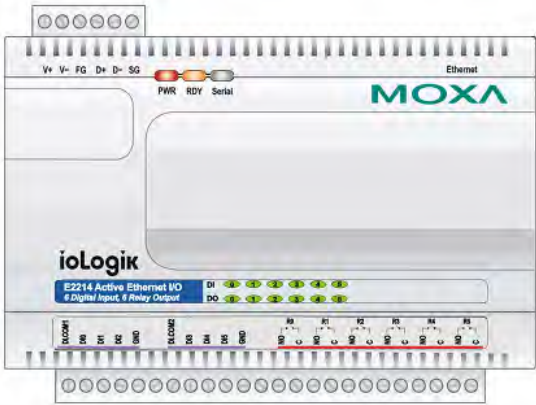
ioAdmin Main Screen	
1.	Title
2.	Menu bar
3.	Quick link
4.	Navigation panel
5.	Main window
6.	Sync. rate status
7.	Status bar

Wiring Guide

ioAdmin provides a wiring guide for the ioLogik E2000 series. You can access the wiring guide by right-clicking the ioLogik figure in the I/O Configuration tab. Select "Wiring Guide" in the submenu to open a help file showing the unit's wiring information and electrical characteristics.

E2214 Active Ethernet I/O, 6 Digital Inputs and 6 Relay Outputs

System Overview



Ethernet pin assignment

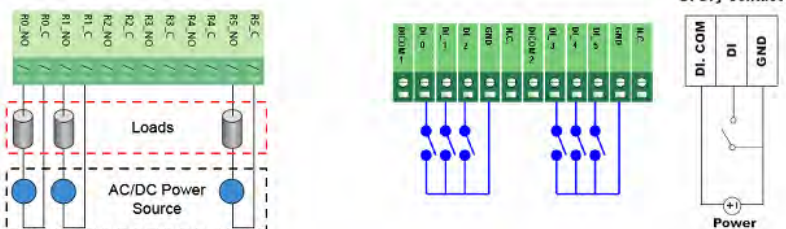


RS-485 Communication Settings

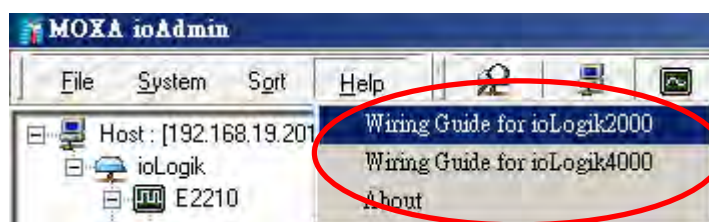


- 0: 115200ps, N81
- 1: 57600bps, N81
- 2: 38400bps, N81
- 3: 19200bps, N81
- 4: 9600bps, N81
- 5: 4800bps, N81
- 6: 2400bps, N81
- 7: 1200bps, N81

Wiring Examples:



You can also access the On-line Wiring Guide through the Help menu on the menu bar.



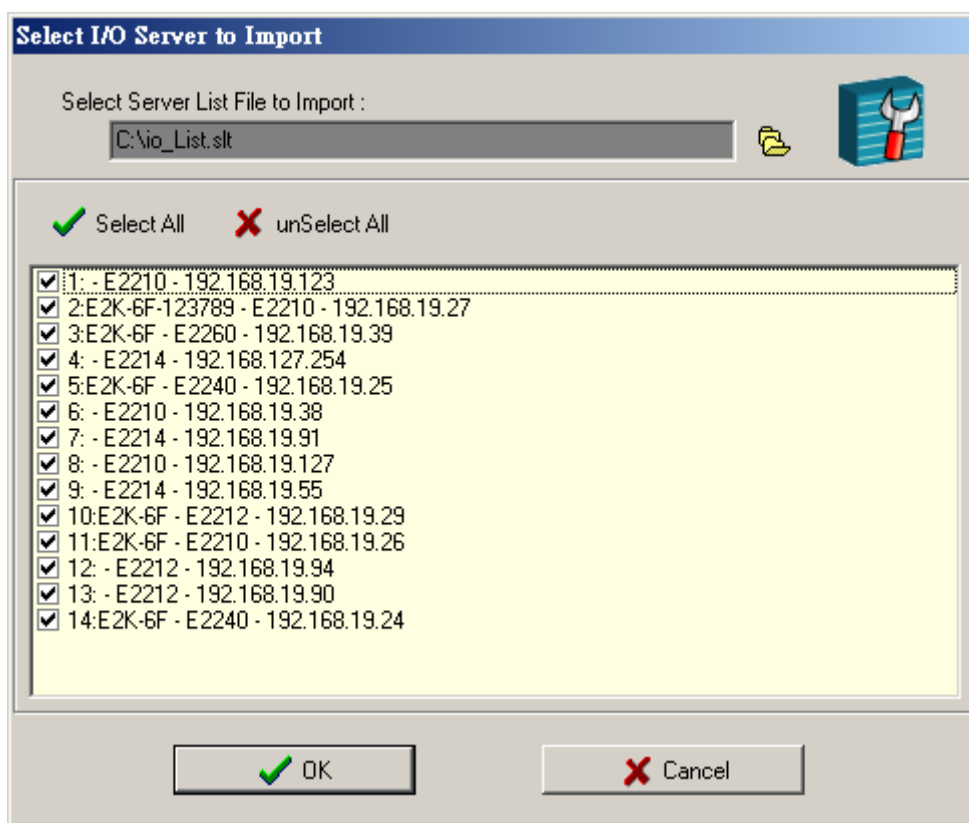
Menu Items

File

From the **File** menu, you can export the list of the ioLogik that are currently displayed in the navigation panel. You also can import a list into ioAdmin.



When importing a server list, you will be prompted to select which ioLogik on the list need to be imported.



The file will have an .SLT extension and can be opened as a text file. The server list will provide the following information for each server:

- Server name
- Model
- IP address
- Unit ID

System

Several operations can be accessed from the **System** menu.

Auto Scan Active Ethernet I/O Server searches for ioLogiks on the network. When connecting for the first time, or when recovering from a network disconnection, you can use this command to find any ioLogik that is connected to the physical network.

Network Interface allows you to select a network to use, if the PC has multiple network adaptors installed.

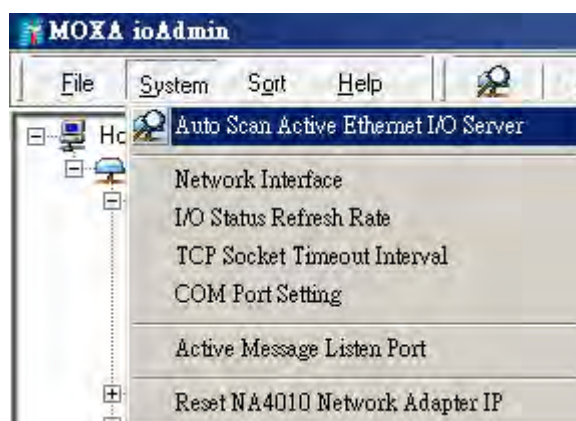
I/O Status Refresh Rate is used to adjust how often the ioLogik is polled for device status from ioAdmin utility. The current rate is displayed on the status bar at the bottom of the window. Note that higher sync rates result in higher loads on the network.

TCP Socket Timeout Interval allows you to select the preferred timeout value for TCP socket communication.

COM Port Setting is used to set the default parameters for ioAdmin utility to establish a Modbus connection, such as baudrate, data bits, and timeout interval. For most applications, this will involve connecting to ioLogik R-Series devices.

Active Message Listen Port specifies the port number to use for Active Messages. If your network uses a firewall, you can coordinate this setting with your firewall settings to ensure that active messages get through.

Reset NA4010 Network Adaptor IP is used to re-assign an IP address to the NA-4010 network as reported by the ioLogik E2000 series adaptor, for ioLogik 4000 systems.



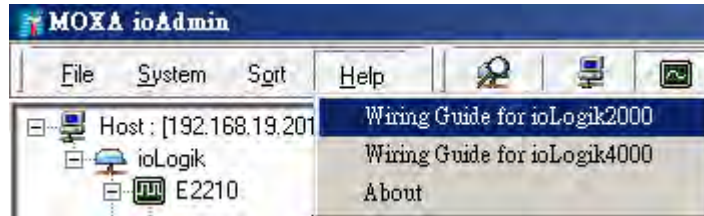
Sort

The **Sort** menu allows the server list in the navigation panel to be sorted by connection, model, and location.



Help

In the **Help** menu, you can view wiring guides and information about ioAdmin.



Quick Links

Quick links are provided to search for the ioLogik on the network and sort the server list.



	Search network for I/O servers
	Sort by connection
	Sort by I/O server type
	Sort by location

Main Window

I/O Configuration Tab (General)

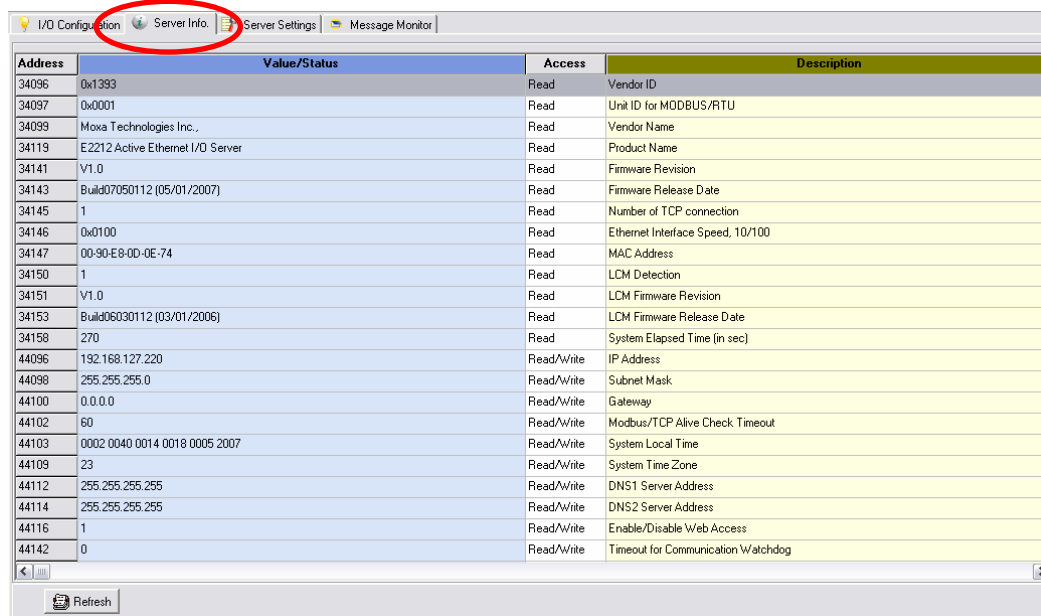
The **I/O Configuration** tab shows the status of every I/O channel. This is the default tab when you first open ioAdmin. DI channels are listed on the left and DO (relay output) channels are listed on the right.

Channel	Mode	Status	Filter	Trigger
[DI]: 00	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DI]: 01	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DI]: 02	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DI]: 03	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DI]: 04	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DI]: 05	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DI]: 06	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DI]: 07	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DO]: 08	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DO]: 09	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DO]: 10	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---
[DO]: 11	DI	Off	50.0 ms	---

Channel	Mode	Status	Low	High
[DO]: 00	DO	Off	---	---
[DO]: 01	DO	Off	---	---
[DO]: 02	DO	Off	---	---
[DO]: 03	DO	Off	---	---
[DO]: 04	DO	Off	---	---
[DO]: 05	DO	Off	---	---
[DO]: 06	DO	Off	---	---
[DO]: 07	DO	Off	---	---

Server Info Tab

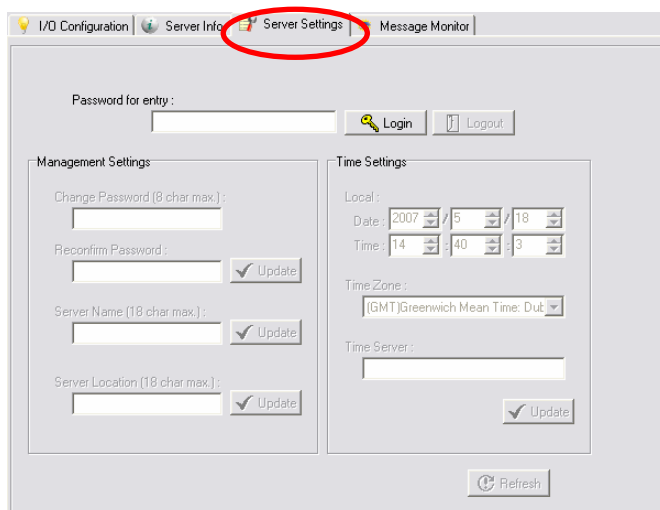
Server information, such as firmware version, is displayed in the **Server Info** tab.



Address	Value/Status	Access	Description
34096	0x1393	Read	Vendor ID
34097	0x0001	Read	Unit ID for MODBUS/RTU
34099	Moxa Technologies Inc.,	Read	Vendor Name
34119	E2212 Active Ethernet I/O Server	Read	Product Name
34141	V1.0	Read	Firmware Revision
34143	Build07050112 (05/01/2007)	Read	Firmware Release Date
34145	1	Read	Number of TCP connection
34146	0x0100	Read	Ethernet Interface Speed, 10/100
34147	00-90-E8-0D-0E-74	Read	MAC Address
34150	1	Read	LCM Detection
34151	V1.0	Read	LCM Firmware Revision
34153	Build06030112 (03/01/2006)	Read	LCM Firmware Release Date
34158	270	Read	System Elapsed Time (in sec)
44096	192.168.127.220	Read/Write	IP Address
44098	255.255.255.0	Read/Write	Subnet Mask
44100	0.0.0.0	Read/Write	Gateway
44102	60	Read/Write	Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout
44103	0002 0040 0014 0018 0005 2007	Read/Write	System Local Time
44109	23	Read/Write	System Time Zone
44112	255.255.255.255	Read/Write	DNS1 Server Address
44114	255.255.255.255	Read/Write	DNS2 Server Address
44116	1	Read/Write	Enable/Disable Web Access
44142	0	Read/Write	Timeout for Communication Watchdog

Server Settings Tab (General)

The **Server Settings** tab is where you log in as an ioAdmin administrator. This is required in order to gain access to the ioLogik configuration options. If no password has been set up, simply click **Login** and leave the **Password** for entry field blank. Please refer to the ioAdmin Administrator Functions section later on in this chapter for more detail.



I/O Configuration | **Server Info** | **Server Settings** | Message Monitor

Password for entry:

Management Settings

Change Password (8 char max.):

Reconfirm Password:

Server Name (18 char max.):

Server Location (18 char max.):

Time Settings

Local:

Date: 2007 / 5 / 18

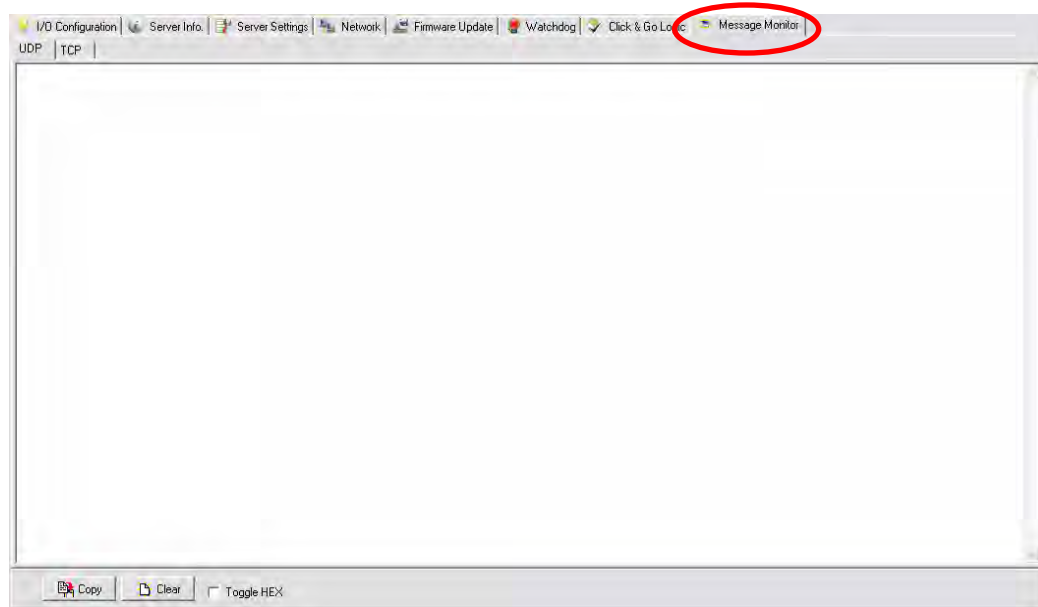
Time: 14 : 40 : 3

Time Zone: (GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dut

Time Server:

Message Monitor Tab

The **Message Monitor** tab will display any TCP/UDP Active Messages reported by the ioLogik E2000 series. When you install the unit for the first time, the ruleset will not have been defined yet, so there will be no messages in the Message Monitor Tab. When a ruleset has been defined and activated, any TCP/UDP messages that have been triggered by sensor events will be shown in the Message Monitor tab. Please refer to Chapter 5 for information on how to define rules for active I/O messaging.



Messages can be displayed in ASCII or in HEX. To display messages in HEX, make sure that “Toggle HEX” is checked.

ioAdmin Administrator Functions

For full access to all configuration options, log in as an administrator in the Server Settings tab. This is required whenever you start up ioAdmin or boot up/restart the ioLogik. When you install the ioLogik for the first time, the password will be blank and you can simply click **Login**. Additional functions will be available after logging in, including the following new tabs:



When making configuration changes, you will need to click **Update** or **Apply** to save the changes. Some changes will require that the unit be restarted in order to take effect.



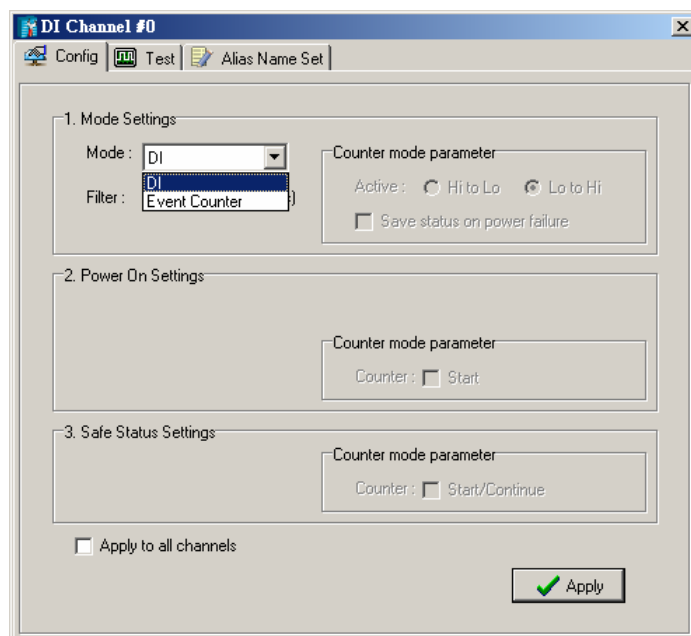
ATTENTION

You **MUST** log in to access any administrator function, including Network, Communication Watchdog Timer, and Firmware Update tabs. If you forget the password, hold down the reset button to clear the password and load factory defaults. **This will result in the loss of all configuration settings and your Click&Go logic rules that have already been configured.**

I/O Configuration Tab (Administrator)

When logged in as an administrator, double click on a channel in the **I/O Configuration** tab to configure that channel's settings. A window will open with configuration options for that channel. After the channel has been configured as desired, click **Apply** to implement the new settings.

Configuring Digital Input Channels



The ioLogik E2214 provides up to 6 digital input (DI) channels. Software filtering is used to control switch bounces. The filter is configurable in multiples of 0.5 ms and accepts values between 1 and 65535. For example, a setting of **2** would mean a 1 ms filter (2×0.5 ms).

A DI channel can be set to “DI” or “Event Counter” mode. In DI mode, the specifications are as follows:

Type	Logic 0	Logic 1
Dry contact	close to GND	open
Wet contact	0 to 3 V	10 to 30 V

In Event Counter mode, the channel accepts limit or proximity switches and counts events according to the ON/OFF status. When “Lo to Hi” is selected, the counter value increases when the attached switch is pushed. When “Hi to Lo” is selected, the counter value increases when the switch is pushed and released.

By default, the Event Counter value will be reset to zero if power is disconnected. If you select **Save status on power failure**, the Event Counter value will be saved when power is disconnected. When power is reconnected, the value will be as you left it. You can set **Power On Settings** to have counting resume immediately.

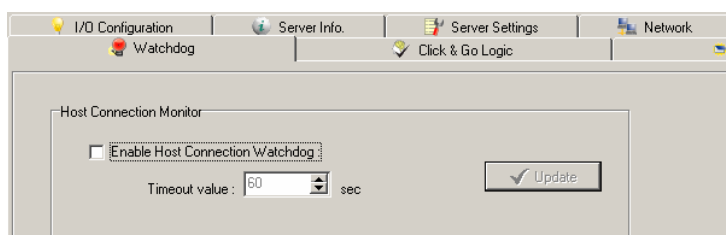
The Event Counter starts counting events when specified by a Modbus command or a Click&Go Logic rule. You can also specify counting to begin automatically when the ioLogik is powered on. To activate this function, select **Start** under **Counter mode parameter** in the **Power On Settings**.

You can control how an Event Counter channel behaves during a network disconnection with the **Safe Status Settings** and the **Host Connection Watchdog** in the **Watchdog**. When the **Host Connection Watchdog** is enabled, a network disconnection will activate the **Safe Status Settings**. The Event Counter channel can be configured to continue counting by selecting **Start/Continue** under **Counter mode parameter**. If **Start/Continue** is not selected, the Event Counter channel will suspend counting. If the **Host Connection Watchdog** is not enabled, then the **Safe Status Settings** will be ignored and the Event Counter channel will continue counting during a network disconnection.



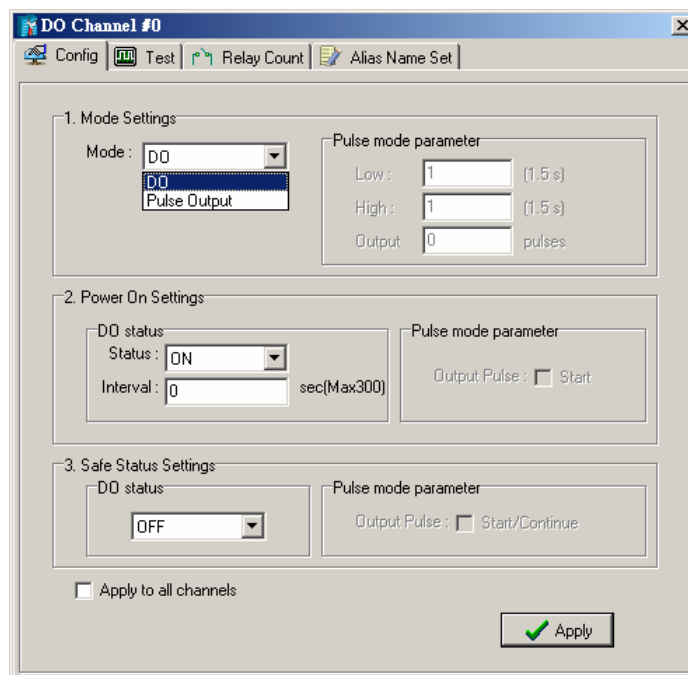
ATTENTION

The **Host Connection Watchdog** is disabled by default and must be enabled for Safe Status Settings to take effect.



The **Apply to all channels** option applies all settings to DI channels.

Configuring Digital Output (Relay) Channels



The ioLogik E2214 provides up to 6 digital output (relay) channels.

A DO channel can be set to “DO” or “Pulse Output” mode. In DO mode, the specifications are as follows.

Type	Logic 0	Logic 1
DO mode	open	short

In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The low and high level widths are specified in multiples of 0.5 ms, with a maximum setting of 65,535 (32,767 ms). For example, you would enter 1000 for a width of 500 ms,. If the low width value is 5000 and the high width value is 5000, the pulse output would be a square wave with a 5-second pulse cycle. For the number of pulses, you can specify between 1 and 4,294,967,295 pulses or enter “0” for continuous pulse output.

When the ioLogik is first powered on, the status for each DO channel will be set to “OFF” by default. This behavior can be modified using the **Power On Settings**. You can set a DO channel to turn “ON” when the ioLogik is powered on, or to commence pulse output. The Interval of the Power On Settings provides sequential control of the DO outputs while powering up the ioLogik E2214. The value ranges from 0 to 300 seconds. For example, if all of the DO channels are configured to be On and the interval is set to “0” seconds, the all of the DO channels will be switched to On at the same time. If DO 0 is set to On and 10 sec, there will be a 10-second delay, after which the DO will switch to On as the default status once the ioLogik E2214 system is ready. The Interval with DO default status setting provides the ability to switch on the DO channels sequentially to avoid the sudden high power burst caused by attached devices and sensors.

2. Power On Settings

DO status:

Status : ON

Interval : 10 sec(Max300)

Pulse mode parameter:

Output Pulse : ☐ Start

You can control how a DO channel acts when the network is disconnected by using the **Safe Status Settings** and the **Host Connection Watchdog**. When the **Host Connection Watchdog** is enabled, a network disconnection will activate the **Safe Status Settings**. The DO channel can be configured to turn on, turn off, or commence pulse output. If the **Host Connection Watchdog** is not enabled, then the DO channel status will remain unchanged during a network disconnection.

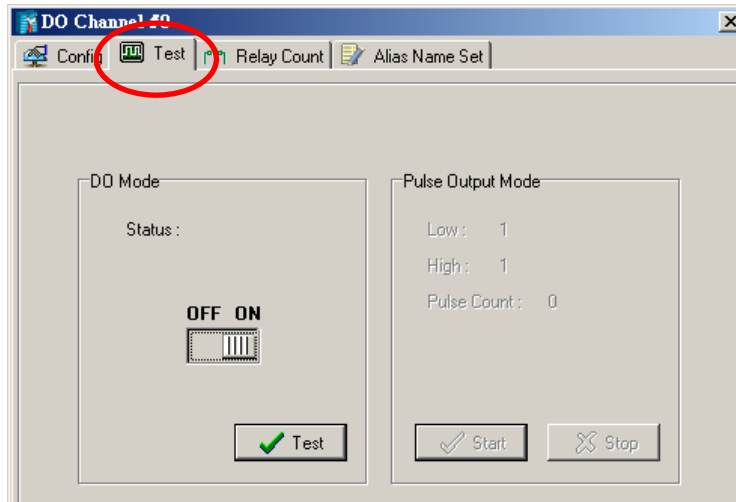


ATTENTION

The **Host Connection Watchdog** is disabled by default and must be enabled for **Safe Status Settings** to take effect.

Testing DI and DO Channels

You can test each channel by opening the channel's configuration window and selecting the Test tab.

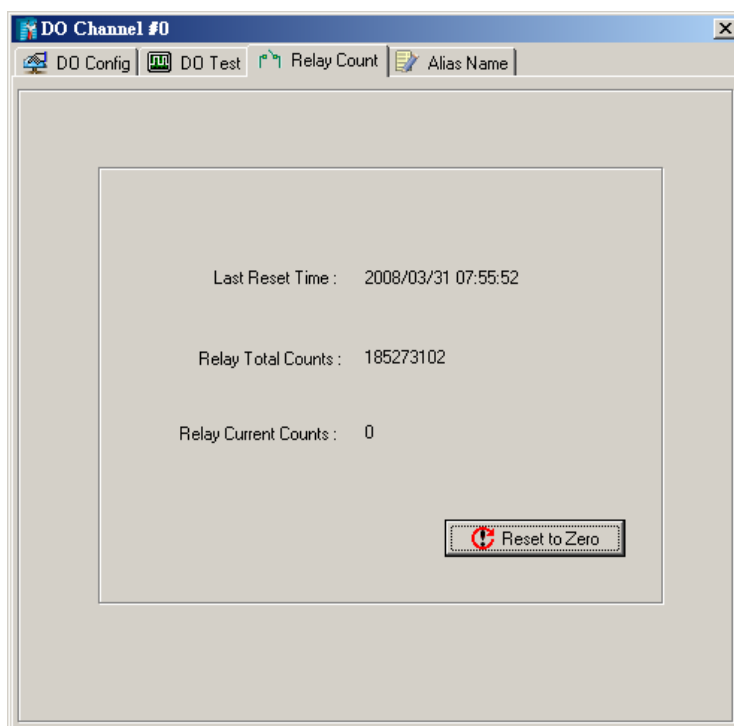


In the Test tab, you can see how a channel's status affects or is affected by the attached device. For DO channels, you can set the on/off status or start and stop pulse output. For DI channels, you can monitor the attached device's on/off status, or count switch press events.

Relay Count Monitoring

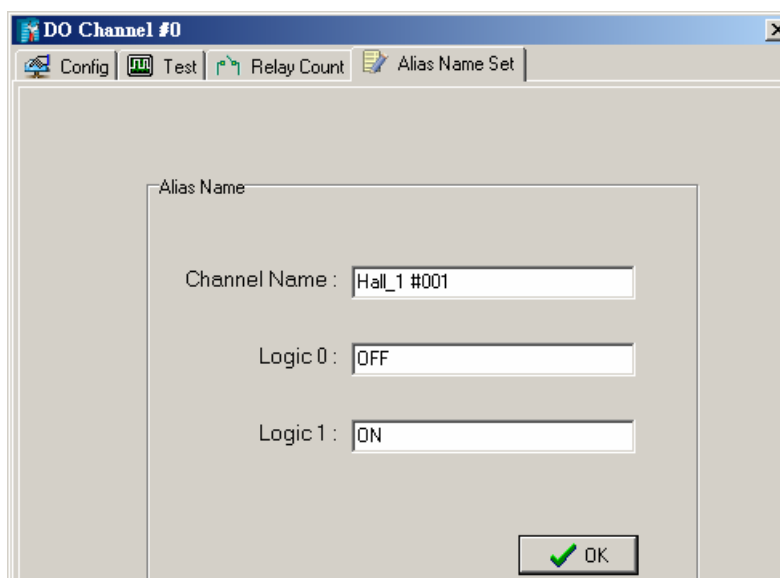
Two types of relay counts can be recorded in the ioLogik E2214: Total Counts and Current Counts. Total counts records how many times a DO (relay) channel has been used. In general, each DO (relay) channel can be used an average of 100,000 times. Users can monitor these counts to know when the module should be replaced, or to switch to a different channel if the total counts approaches the upper limit. Current Counts can be reset to zero to record the usage of the external device by monitoring the counts. For example, if DO 0 is connected to an external relay control board, you can monitor the current counts to know when to replace the external relay component in advance before it fails.

Last Reset Time records the time when Current Counts was reset. Both Total Counts and Current Counts will be saved when there is a power failure. The Last Reset Time will be saved only when the user manually presses the Reset to Zero button.



Alias Name Set

Alias Name Set helps users configure the alias of a DI or DO channel and define the status for logic 0/1 to be On/Off or vice versa. The Alias can be monitored by the ioAdmin utility, or can be queried using a user-defined program based on the Moxa MXIO library, or a standard Modbus/TCP protocol.



Server Settings Tab (Administrator)

You can set up a password, server name, location, date, time zone, and time server in the Server Settings tab. ioAdmin supports long server names and a location description up to 58 chars. If you will be using ioEventLog to receive server status reports, such as for warm or cold starts, indicate the IP address and port number for the PC that will be running ioEventLog in the “System Log” field. The default port number is 4040.

For additional information, please refer the ioEventLog section later in this chapter.

Watchdog | Click & Go Logic | Message Monitor
I/O Configuration | Server Info | **Server Settings** | Network | Firmware Update

Password for entry : Login Logout

Management Settings

Change Password (8 char max.): Update

Reconfirm Password: Update

Server Name: Update

Server Location: Update

Time Settings

Local:

Date: 2008 / 3 / 7

Time: 16 : 53 : 19

Time Zone: [GMT]Greenwich Mean Time: Dut

Time Server: Update

System Log

Server Address: Port: 4040 Update

Refresh

Network Tab

The **Network** tab is available after you log in as an administrator. You can now configure IP settings, Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout settings, DNS settings, Serial settings, SNMP settings, and Web Access settings for the ioLogik.

Watchdog | Click & Go Logic | Message Monitor
I/O Configuration | Server Info | Server Settings | **Network** | Firmware Update

Number of Modbus/TCP connection(s): 2

IP Settings

IP Configuration: Static

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway:

MAC: Accessible IP Update

Serial Settings

Unit ID: 1

Baud Rate: 115200

Data Bits: 8

Stop Bits: 1

Parity: None

Timeout (ms): Update

Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout

☒ Enable Modbus/TCP idle connection timeout interval: sec Update

DNS Settings

DNS #1:

DNS #2: Update

SNMP Settings

☒ Enable SNMP

Read Community:

Write Community:

Contact:

Location: Update

Web Access Settings

☒ Enable Update

Refresh

IP Settings

You can set up a static or dynamic IP address for the ioLogik, as well as the subnet mask and gateway address. Click **Accessible IP** if you wish to allow only certain IP addresses to have network access to the ioLogik and attached sensors. Access will be granted only to the IP addresses that you list in the Accessible IP screen. Any requests from sources that are not on the accessible IP list will be unable to use Modbus/TCP or ioAdmin to access the ioLogik.

Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout Settings

The Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout is designed to avoid TCP connection failure. If the network host is unable to respond due to hardware failure or a network problem, the ioLogik will continue to wait for a response from the host. This will cause the TCP port to be occupied indefinitely by the host. When **Modbus/TCP idle connection timeout interval** is enabled, the ioLogik will automatically close the TCP connection when there is no TCP activity for the specified time.

DNS Settings

Use this field to specify up the IP addresses of one or to two DNS servers. DNS servers can be used to find available e-mail addresses when setting up Click & Go rules.

Serial Settings

You can view the reserved RS-485 communication parameters here, and set the timeout value for breaks in RS-485 communication. Note that the other serial communication parameters cannot be modified. If you wish to adjust the baudrate, you will need to use the physical dial on the back panel of the ioLogik.

SNMP Settings

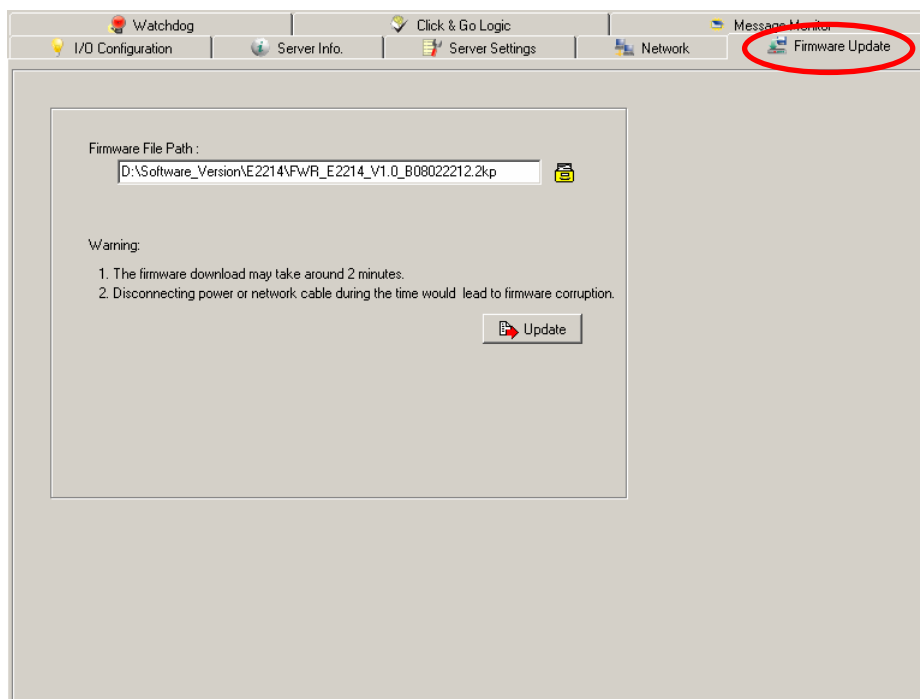
The ioLogik E2000 provides SNMP v2 (Simple Network Management Protocol) to allow monitoring of the network and I/O devices with SNMP Network Management software. It is useful for building automation and telecom applications. Use these fields to enable SNMP and set the read and write community strings.

Web Access Settings

This field enables and disables the web console, which allows the ioLogik to be configured from a web browser. If this field is not enabled, you will not be able to open the web console.

Firmware Update Tab

The **Firmware Update** tab is available after you log in as an administrator. Enter the path to the firmware file or click on the icon to browse for the file. Click **Update** to update the ioLogik firmware. The wizard will lead you through the process until the ioLogik is restarted.

**ATTENTION**

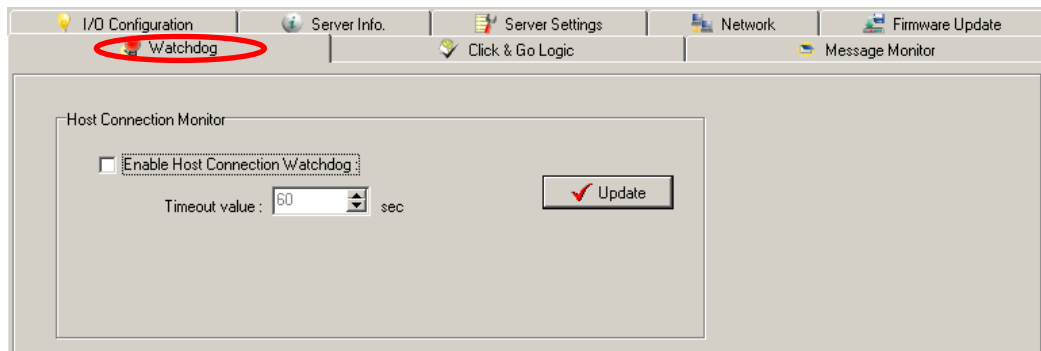
Do not interrupt the firmware update process! An interruption in the process might result in your device becoming unrecoverable.

After the firmware is updated, the ioLogik will restart and you will have to log in again to access administrator functions.

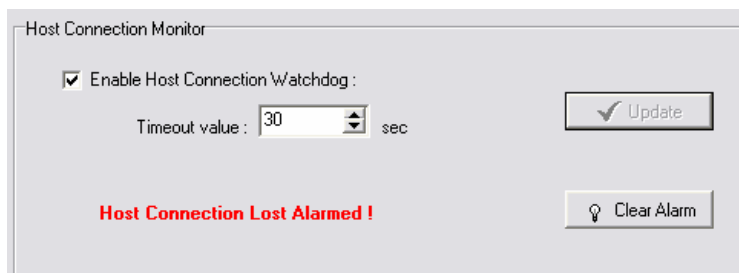
The firmware on any attached I/O expansion module, such as an ioLogik R2000 server, must be updated over the RS-485 bus. Firmware on cascaded modules cannot be updated over Ethernet.

Watchdog Tab

The **Watchdog** tab is available after you log in as an administrator. When enabled, the **Host Connection Watchdog** monitors the network connection. If the connection is lost for the specified **Timeout value**, the Watchdog will display a warning and activate the Safe Status settings for each DO channel and Event Counter channel. By default, the Watchdog is disabled. To enable the Watchdog, make sure that **Enable Host Connection Watchdog** is checked, set the **Timeout value**, and click **Update**.



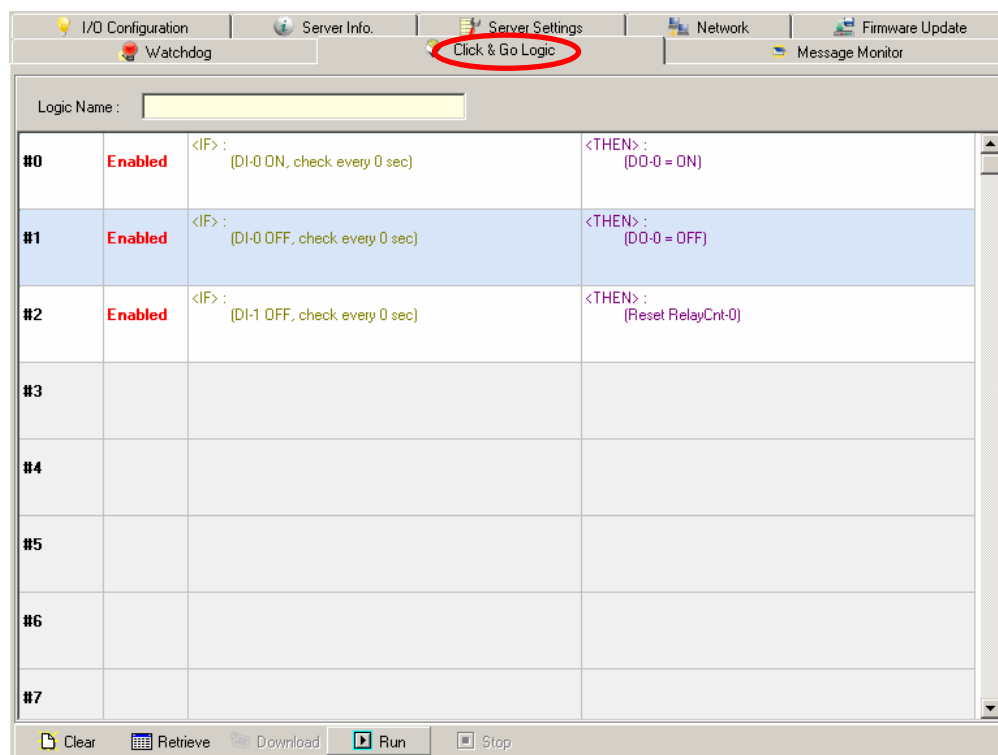
After the Watchdog is enabled, a warning will be displayed on the Watchdog tab if the network connection is lost.



After you restore the network connection, click **Clear Alarm** to reset the Watchdog and return to normal operation.

Click&Go Logic Tab

The Click&Go Logic tab is available after logging in as an administrator. This is where the ioLogik's Active Ethernet I/O system is configured. With a set of rules (known as a ruleset) defined through Click&Go, the ioLogik can report I/O status to a host as soon as user-defined I/O conditions have been met. Please refer to Click&Go V2 User's Manual for more detailed information on defining rules.

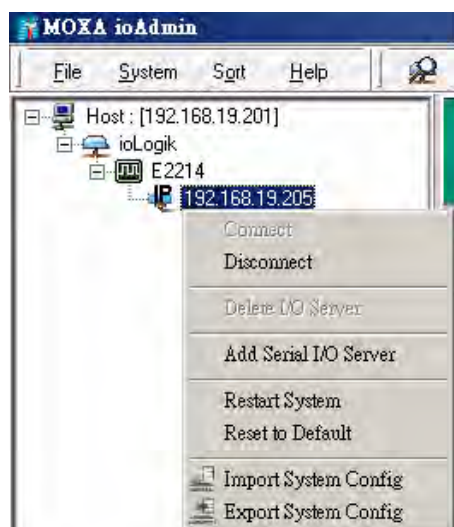


Changes in the Click&Go Logic tab are not effective until the ioLogik E2000 series is restarted, just like changes made in other tabs. After logging back in as an administrator and returning to the Click&Go Logic tab, click **Download** to view the current ruleset. Click **Run** to activate the ruleset and **Stop** to deactivate it.

I/O channels used by the Click&Go Logic cannot be controlled externally using ioAdmin's "Test" function, or from other Modbus software.

Server Context Menu

The Server context menu is accessed by right clicking on the server model name in the navigation panel.



Connect

Select this command to try connecting over the network to the selected ioLogik.

Disconnect

Select this command to drop the network connection with the selected ioLogik.

Delete I/O Server

Select this command to remove the selected ioLogik. The ioLogik must be disconnected first.

Add Serial I/O Server

Select this command to add an ioLogik I/O server by specifying its Unit ID.

Restart System

Select this command to restart the selected ioLogik. You will need to be logged in as an administrator to use this command.

Reset to Default

Select this command to reset all settings on the selected ioLogik, including console password, to factory default values. You will need to be logged in as an administrator to use this command.

Export System Config

Select this command to export the selected ioLogik's configuration to a text file. You will need to be logged in as an administrator to use this command. It is strongly recommended you use this method to back up your configuration after you have finished configuring the ioLogik for your application.

The following is a sample configuration file:

```
ioLogik E2214 Network I/O Server Configuration
=====
Date: 1970/01/-9525
Time: -2:-31:-2
Firmware: V1.0 Build08022212

[1. Model]
-----
MOD_TYPE=E2214 - Active Ethernet I/O Server (6DI + 6DO)
MOD_LOC=
MOD_NAME=

[2. I/O Configurations]
-----
DI00=0,(DI),          DI00_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
DI01=0,(DI),          DI01_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
DI02=0,(DI),          DI02_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
DI03=0,(DI),          DI03_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
DI04=0,(DI),          DI04_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)
DI05=0,(DI),          DI05_FILTER=100,(150000.00ms)

DO00=0,(DO),          DO00_PWN=1,(0n),          DO00_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
DO01=0,(DO),          DO01_PWN=1,(0n),          DO01_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
DO02=0,(DO),          DO02_PWN=1,(0n),          DO02_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
DO03=0,(DO),          DO03_PWN=1,(0n),          DO03_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
DO04=0,(DO),          DO04_PWN=1,(0n),          DO04_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),
DO05=0,(DO),          DO05_PWN=1,(0n),          DO05_PWSEQ=0,(Sec),

[3. Modbus address table]
-----
CHANNEL      I/O TYPE      MODBUS REFERENCE      MODBUS ADDRESS (Dec, Hex)
DI00          Input          10001                 0000, 0x0000
DI01          Input          10002                 0001, 0x0001
DI02          Input          10003                 0002, 0x0002
DI03          Input          10004                 0003, 0x0003
DI04          Input          10005                 0004, 0x0004
DI05          Input          10006                 0005, 0x0005
```

Import System Config

Select this command to load a configuration for the selected ioLogik from a configuration text file. You will need to be logged in as an administrator to use this command. The new configuration will not take effect until the ioLogik has been restarted. This command can be used to restore a configuration after loading the factory defaults, or to duplicate a configuration to multiple ioLogik units.

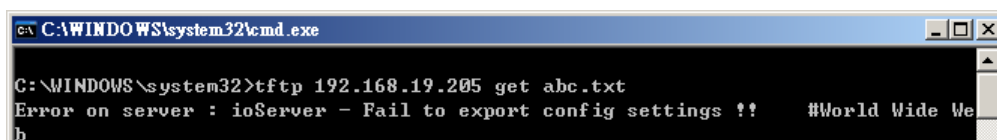
Using TFTP to Import/Export Configuration

TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) was defined in 1980 to provide basic FTP functionality in a very simple protocol. Due to TFTP's simplicity, it can be implemented using a very small amount of memory, an important consideration when it was first developed. ioLogik E2000 I/O servers support the use of TFTP to import or export configuration files.

The following is an example using Windows TFTP and an ioLogik E2214 with an IP address of 192.168.127.254:

1. Enter "TFTP 192.168.127.254 GET ik2214.txt to get the ioLogik's configuration file.
2. Enter "TFTP 192.168.127.254 PUT ik2214.txt to load a configuration file onto the ioLogik

You must use "**ik2214.txt**" as the destination filename when copying a configuration file to the ioLogik E2000 unit. Otherwise, you will receive an error message as shown below:

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window titled "C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe". The command entered is "tftp 192.168.19.205 get abc.txt". The output shows an error: "Error on server : ioServer - Fail to export config settings !! #World Wide Web".

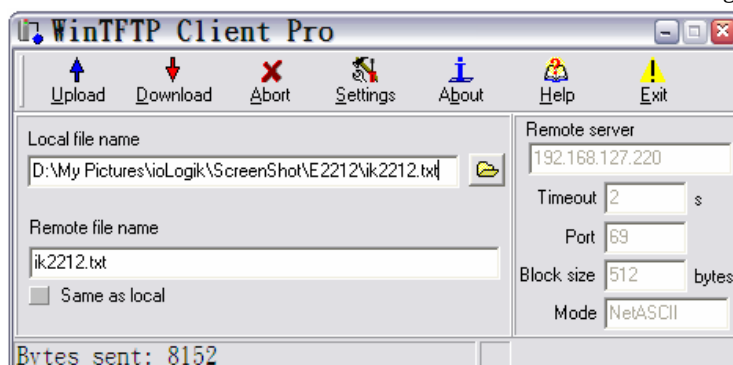
```
C:\WINDOWS\system32>tftp 192.168.19.205 get abc.txt
Error on server : ioServer - Fail to export config settings !!    #World Wide Web
```

You can use TFTP in a batch file to transfer configuration files for different units. For example, you might have two configuration files that need to be copied to two different servers: **ik2214_1.txt** for 192.168.127.253, and **ik2214_2.txt** for 192.168.127.254. A batch file could be written as follows:

```
tftp 192.168.127.253 put ik2214_1.txt ik2214.txt
tftp 192.168.127.254 put ik2214_2.txt ik2214.txt
```

**ATTENTION**

You can also run TFTP client software, open the configuration file, and enter the remote server's IP. Note that both ASCII and Octet mode are supported. When the download process is complete, the I/O server will reboot. WinTFTP Client Pro is a trademark of WinTFTP. All rights reserved.



Using ioEventLog

Installing ioEventLog

ioEventLog is a Windows utility provided for the monitoring of the ioLogik E2000 series and attached I/O devices. It can be used from anywhere on the network to monitor the ioLogik.

1. **Installation from CD:** Insert the Document and Software CD into the host computer. Run SETUP.EXE, which is located in the root directory. The installation program will guide you through the installation process and install the ioEventLog utility.
2. **Open ioEventLog:** After installation is finished, run ioEventLog from **Start → Program Files → MOXA → IO Server → Utility → ioEventLog**.

Basic Functions

ioEventLog is installed along with ioAdmin from the Document and Software CD. It is designed to help you keep a record of ioLogik status events over the network. The log is stored on the Windows PC. You will need to set up your ioLogik E2000 to send status events to the PC's IP address. The following events are monitored:

- cold start
- warm start

For each event, the following information is provided. The log can be sorted by any of these fields:

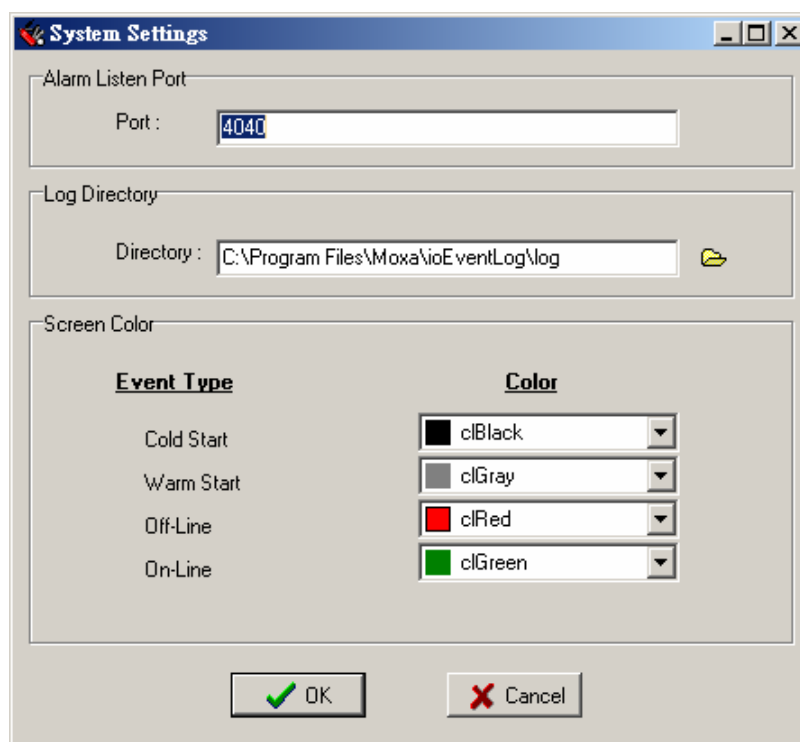
- event type
- event date and time
- ioLogik server source name
- source IP
- destination IP
- host date and time
- source model



#	Event type	Event Date/Time	Source Name	Source IP	Destination IP	Host Date/Time	Source Model
01	Cold Start	03/10/2008 14:36:32.080		192.168.19.205	--	03/10/2008 14:36:50.182	E2214

Configuration

In the System menu, select **Settings** to configure ioEventLog.



System Settings

Alarm Listen Port
Port : 4040

Log Directory
Directory : C:\Program Files\Moxa\ioEventLog\log

Screen Color

Event Type	Color
Cold Start	clBlack
Warm Start	clGray
Off-Line	clRed
On-Line	clGreen

OK Cancel

The **Alarm Listen Port** is the TCP port number that will be monitored for status events. You can modify this setting as necessary to receive signals through a firewall. It will need to match the settings for the ioLogik server that is being monitored.

The **Log Directory** is where the log files will be stored. The default directory is C:\Program Files\Moxa\ioEventLog\log. A separate log file is created for each day, with file names assigned automatically.

You can also select the color of each event type in the log.

To configure the ioLogik to report to the ioEventLog, use ioAdmin to configure the ioLogik in **Server Settings**.

The screenshot shows the ioAdmin web interface with the following sections:

- Management Settings:**
 - Change Password (8 char max.):
 - Reconfirm Password:
 - Server Name:
 - Server Location:
- Time Settings:**
 - Local: Date: 2008 / 3 / 10, Time: 16 : 44 : 37
 - Time Zone: (GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dut
 - Time Server:
- System Log:**
 - Server Address: 192.168.19.201
 - Port: 4040
 -

A red oval highlights the 'Server Address' field in the System Log section.

Checking Connected Devices

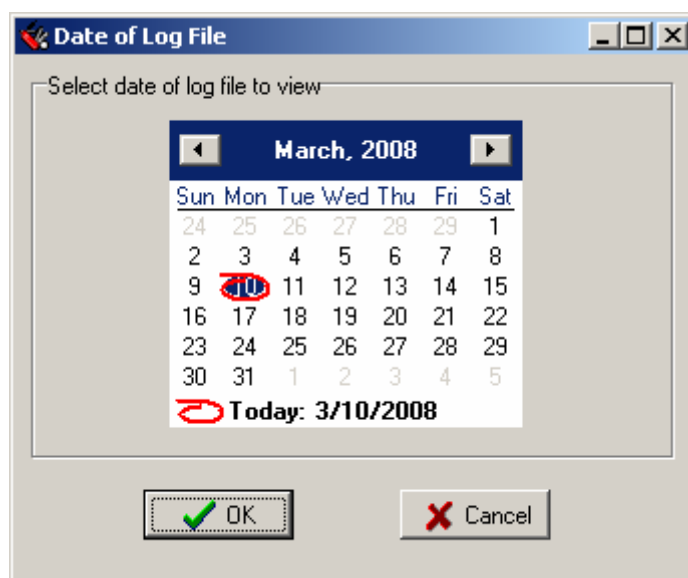
You can see which I/O servers are already connected to ioEventLog by selecting **Connected Device List** from the **Connection** menu. You will be prompted to view which devices are connected.

Device IP	Connect Date/Time
192.168.19.205	03/10/2008 16:55:42.540

The dialog box includes an 'OK' button with a green checkmark and a 'Refresh' button with a circular arrow icon.

Opening Log Files

You can view previously saved logs by selecting **Open** from the Log menu. You will be prompted for the data that you wish to view.



The logs for the day that you select will be displayed in the Alarm Log Viewer window.

Clearing the Log

If you wish to clear the log, you can select Clear from Log menu. This will clear all events for the current day. The cleared events will not be saved in that day's logs. After the logs are cleared, new events will be displayed and recorded as usual.

Web Console Configuration

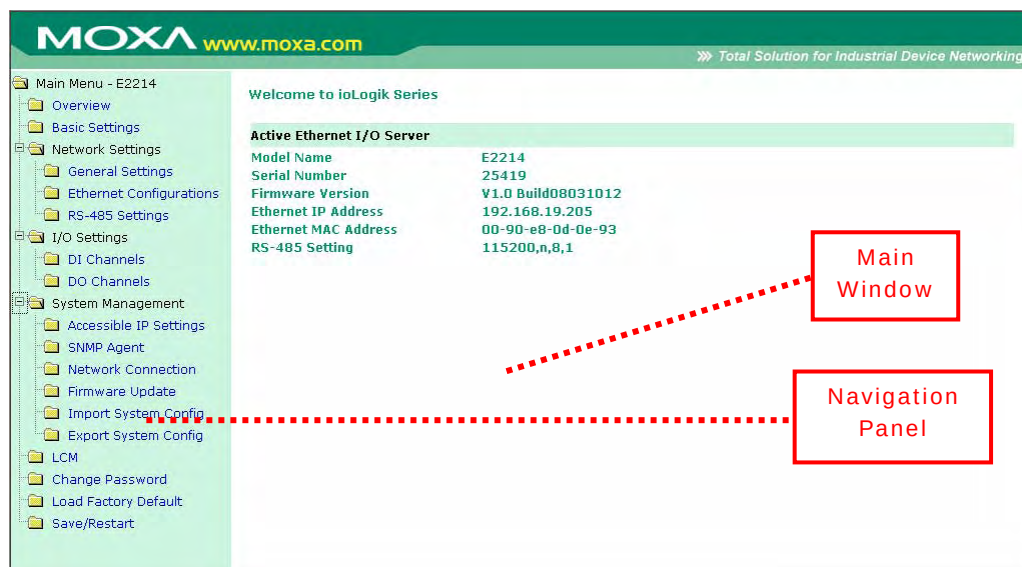
The ioLogik E2000 series built in web console can be used to configure many of the ioLogik's settings.

The following topics are covered:

- ❑ **Introduction to the Web Console**
- ❑ **Basic Settings**
- ❑ **Network Settings**
 - General Settings
 - Ethernet Configurations
 - RS-485 Settings
- ❑ **I/O Settings**
 - DI Channels
 - DO Channels
- ❑ **System Management**
 - Accessible IP Settings
 - SNMP Agent
 - Network Connection
 - Firmware Update
 - Import System Config
 - Export System Config
 - LCM
 - Change Password
 - Load Factory Default
 - Save/Restart

Introduction to the Web Console

The ioLogik web console is a browser-based configuration utility. When the ioLogik is connected to your network, the server's IP address in your web browser to access the web console. Note that although most configuration options are available in the web console, some settings are only available through ioAdmin. Furthermore, the web console can be disabled under Web Access Settings in ioAdmin. If you are unable to access the web console, check the Web Access Settings in ioAdmin.



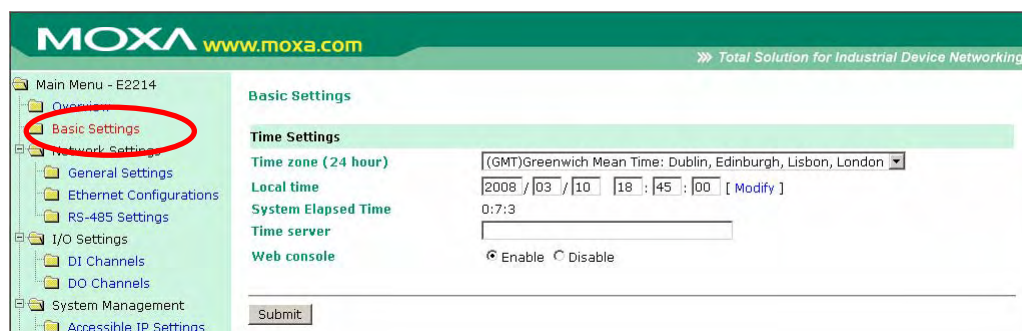
The left panel is the navigation panel and contains an expandable menu tree for navigating among the various settings and categories. When you click on a menu item in the navigation panel, the main window will display the corresponding options for that item. Configuration changes can then be made in the main window. For example, if you click **Basic Settings** in the navigation panel, the main window will show a page of basic settings that you can configure.

You must click **Submit** after making configuration changes. The Submit button will be located at the bottom of every page that has configurable settings. If you navigate to another page without clicking the Submit button, your changes will not be retained.

Submitted changes will not take effect until they are saved and the ioLogik is restarted! You can save and restart the server in one step by clicking on the Save/Restart button after you submit a change. If you need to make several changes before restarting, you can save your changes without restarting by selecting Save/Restart in the navigation panel. If you restart the ioLogik without saving your configuration, the ioLogik will discard all submitted changes.

Basic Settings

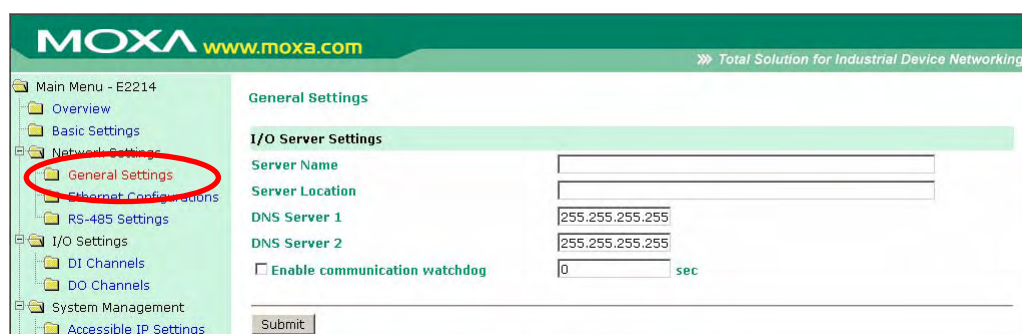
On the **Basic Settings** page, you can set the ioLogik's system time or provide the IP address of a time server for time synchronization.



Network Settings

General Settings

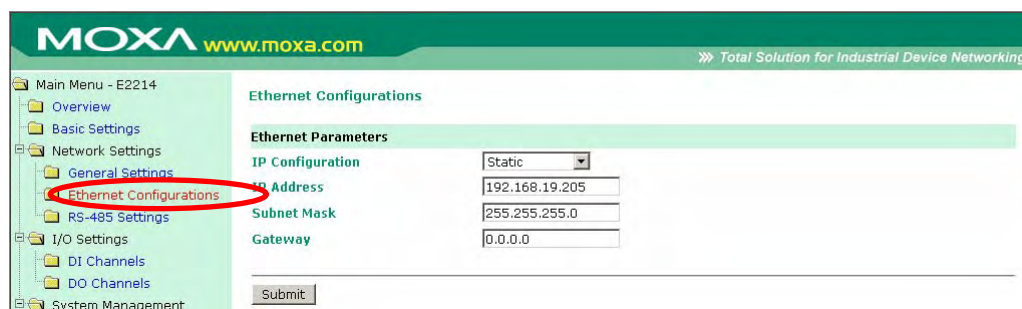
On the **General Settings** page, you can assign a server name and location to assist you in differentiating between different I/O servers and enable the Host Communication Watchdog and define the timeout value.



When enabled, the **communication watchdog** monitors the network connection. If the connection is lost for the specified number of seconds, the watchdog will activate the Safe Status settings for each DO channel and Event Counter channel. By default, the watchdog is disabled. To enable the Watchdog, select **Enable communication watchdog** and set the timeout value.

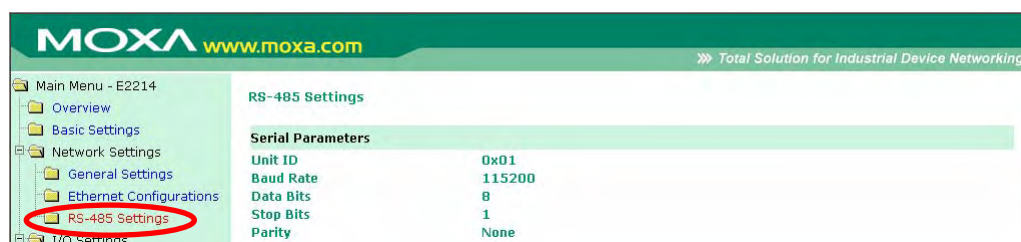
Ethernet Configurations

On the **Ethernet Configurations** page, you can set up a static or dynamic IP address for the ioLogik configure the subnet mask and gateway address.



RS-485 Settings

On the **RS-485 Settings** page, you can view the serial communication parameters, but no configuration changes are allowed. The baudrate can only be configured using the physical dial on the back of the unit. This is a reserved function.

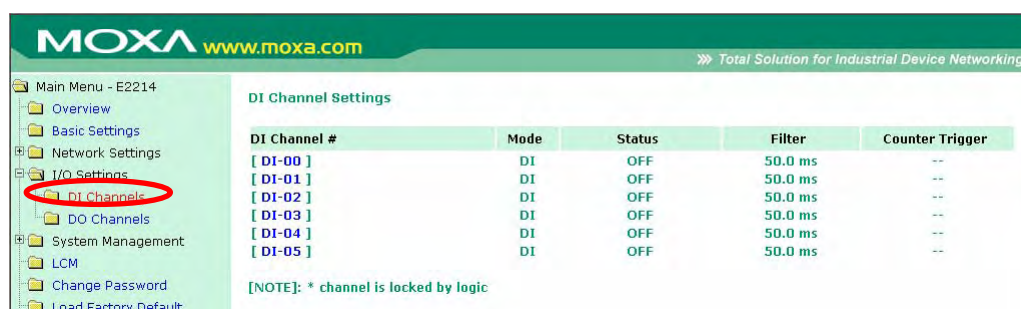


I/O Settings

You can view the settings for DI and DO channels in the web console. DIO channels will be listed according to the configured channel type (DI or DO).

DI Channels

On the **DI Channels** page, you can view the status of each DI (digital input) channel. Both fixed DI channels and DIO channels that are acting as DI channels will be displayed.



Click on a channel to see that channel's configuration options. DI channels can operate in DI mode or Event Counter mode. Software filtering is used to control switch bounces. The filter is configurable in multiples of 0.5 ms and accepts values between 1 and 65535. For example, a setting of 2 would mean a 1 ms filter (2×0.5 ms). For Event Counter channels, make sure that the filter is not set to 0, otherwise the counter will never be activated.

A DI channel can be set to “DI” or “Event Counter” mode. In DI mode, the specifications are as follows:

Type	Logic 0	Logic 1
Dry contact	close to GND	open
Wet contact	0 to 3 V	10 to 30 V

In Event Counter mode, the channel accepts limit or proximity switches and counts events according to the ON/OFF status. When “Lo to Hi” is selected, the counter value increases when the attached switch is pushed. When “Hi to Lo” is selected, the counter value increases when the switch is pushed and released.

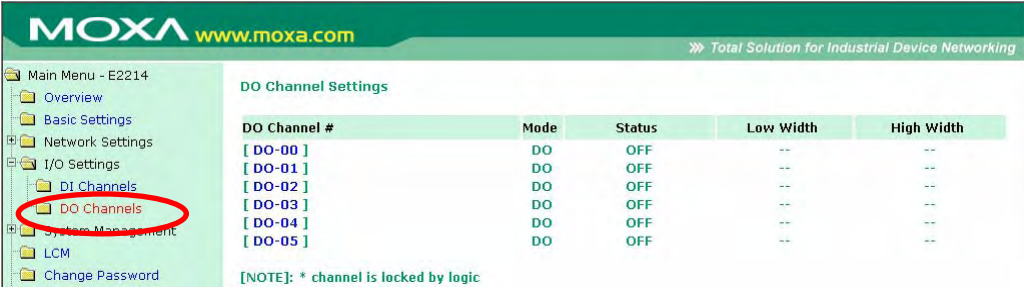
By default, the Event Counter value will be reset to zero if power is disconnected. If you select **Save Status on Power Failure**, the Event Counter value will be saved when power is disconnected. When power is reconnected, the value will be as you left it. You can set **Power On Setting** to have counting resume immediately.

DI channels that are in Event Counter mode can begin counting automatically when the ioLogik is powered on. To activate this function, enable **Power On Setting**. If **Power On Setting** is not enabled, the channel will only start counting events when specified by a Modbus command or Click&Go Logic rule.

You can control how an Event Counter channel behaves during a network disconnection with the **Safe Status Setting** and the **Host Connection Watchdog**. With the Watchdog disabled, the Event Counter continues counting events even when there is a network disconnection. With the Watchdog enabled, the **Safe Status Setting** specifies whether the Event Counter continues or suspends counting when there is a network disconnection. Counting will continue if **Safe Status Setting** is enabled; counting will be suspended if **Safe Status Setting** is not enabled.

DO Channels

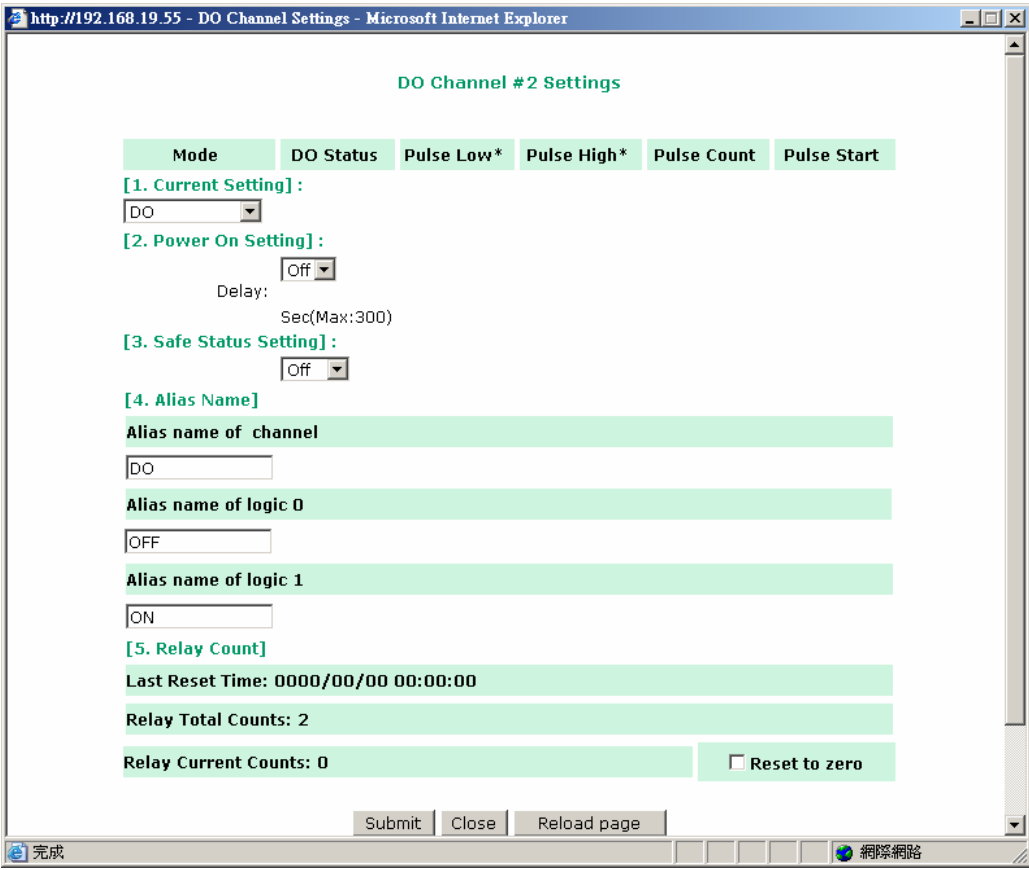
On the **DO Channels** page, you can view the status of each DO (digital output) channel. Both fixed DO channels and DIO channels that are acting as DO channels will be displayed.



DO Channel #	Mode	Status	Low Width	High Width
[DO-00]	DO	OFF	--	--
[DO-01]	DO	OFF	--	--
[DO-02]	DO	OFF	--	--
[DO-03]	DO	OFF	--	--
[DO-04]	DO	OFF	--	--
[DO-05]	DO	OFF	--	--

[NOTE]: * channel is locked by logic

Click on a channel to see that channel's configuration options. DO Channels can operate in DO mode or Pulse Output mode. In DO mode, output is either on or off. In Pulse Output mode, a configurable square wave is generated.



DO Channel #2 Settings

Mode	DO Status	Pulse Low*	Pulse High*	Pulse Count	Pulse Start
[1. Current Setting] :					
DO					
[2. Power On Setting] :					
Off					
Delay: Sec(Max:300)					
[3. Safe Status Setting] :					
Off					
[4. Alias Name]					
Alias name of channel					
DO					
Alias name of logic 0					
OFF					
Alias name of logic 1					
ON					
[5. Relay Count]					
Last Reset Time: 0000/00/00 00:00:00					
Relay Total Counts: 2					
Relay Current Counts: 0					
☐ Reset to zero					

Submit Close Reload page

By default, DO and Pulse Output channels are set to “off” when the ioLogik is powered on. You can set a channel to automatically turn on or begin pulse output when the ioLogik is powered on, by enabling **Power On Setting**.

The Interval for **Power On Settings** provides sequential control of the DO outputs while powering up the ioLogik E2214. The value ranges from 0 to 300 seconds. For example, if all of the DO channels are configured to be On, and the interval are set to "0" seconds, then all of the DO channels will be switched to On at the same time. If the DO 0 is set to On and 10 sec, there will be a 10-second delay, and then the DO will be switched to On as the default status after the ioLogik E2214 system is ready. The Interval with DO default status setting provides the ability to switch on the DO channels sequentially to avoid the sudden high power burst of the attached devices and sensors.

You can control how a DO or Pulse Output channel behaves during a network disconnection with the **Safe Status Setting** and the Host Connection Watchdog. With the Watchdog disabled, there is no change to the channel's status when there is a network disconnection. With the Watchdog enabled, the **Safe Status Setting** determines whether the channel will turn off, on, or begin pulse output when there is a network disconnection. The channel will turn on or begin pulse output if **Safe Status Setting** is enabled; the channel will turn off if **Safe Status Setting** is not enabled.

Relay Count Motoring

Two types of relay counts can be recorded in the ioLogik E2214: Total Counts and Current Counts. Total counts records how many times a DO (relay) channel has been used. In general, each DO (relay) channel can be used an average of 100,000 times. Users can monitor these counts to know when the module should be replaced, or to switch to a different channel if the total counts approaches the upper limit. Current Counts can be reset to zero to record the usage of the external device by monitoring the counts. For example, if DO 0 is connected to an external relay control board, you can monitor the current counts to know when to replace the external relay component in advance before it fails.

Last Reset Time records the time when Current Counts was reset. Both Total Counts and Current Counts will be saved when there is a power failure. The Last Reset Time will be saved only when the user manually presses the Reset to Zero button.

Alias Name set

Alias Name Set helps users configure the alias of a DI or DO channel and define the status for logic 0/1 to be On/Off or vice versa.

System Management

Accessible IP Settings

On the **Accessible IP Settings** page, you can control network access to the ioLogik by allowing only specified IP addresses. When the accessible IP list is enabled, a host's IP address must be listed in order to have access to the ioLogik.

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Main Menu - E2214

- Overview
- Basic Settings
- Network Settings
- I/O Settings
- System Management
 - Accessible IP Settings**
 - SNMP Agent
 - Network Connection
 - Firmware Update
 - Import System Config
 - Export System Config
 - LCM
 - Change Password
 - Load Factory Default
 - Save/Restart

Accessible IP Settings

☐ Enable the accessible IP list ("Disable" will not allow all IP's connection request.)

No.	Active	IP Address	Netmask
1	☐		
2	☐		
3	☐		
4	☐		
5	☐		
6	☐		
7	☐		
8	☐		
9	☐		
10	☐		

Submit

You can add a specific address or range of addresses by using a combination of IP address and netmask, as follows:

- **To allow access to a specific IP address**
Enter the IP address in the corresponding field; enter 255.255.255.255 for the netmask
- **To allow access from hosts on a specific subnet**
For both the IP address and netmask, use 0 for the last digit (e.g., 192.168.1.0 and 255.255.255.0).
- **To allow unrestricted access**
Deselect the Enable the accessible IP list option.

The following table shows additional configuration examples.

Allowed Hosts	IP address	Netmask
Any host	Disable	Disable
192.168.1.120	192.168.1.120	255.255.255.255
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0
192.168.0.1 to 192.168.255.254	192.168.0.0	255.255.0.0
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.126	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.128
192.168.1.129 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.128	255.255.255.128

SNMP Agent

On the **SNMP Agent** page, you can enable SNMP and set the read and write community strings. The ioLogik provides SNMP v2 (Simple Network Management Protocol) to allow monitoring of network and I/O devices with SNMP Network Management software. This is useful for building automation and telecom applications.

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Main Menu - E2214

- Overview
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 - SNMP Agent**
 - Network Connection
 - Firmware Update
 - Import System Config
 - Export System Config

SNMP Agent

Configurations

SNMP ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Read Community Name

Write Community Name

Contact

Location

Network Connection

On the **Network Connection** page, you can view the TCP connections from other hosts. This feature can help you manage your devices.

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Main Menu - E2214

- Overview
- Basic Settings
- Network Settings
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- System Management
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 - Network Connection**
 - Firmware Update
 - Import System Config

Network Connection

Total TCP/IP Connection(s)

3

Source Host Address	Connection Type
192.168.19.40	MODBUS/TCP
192.168.19.120	MODBUS/TCP
192.168.19.201	Web/HTTP

Destination Host Address Connection Type

Firmware Update

On the **Firmware Update** page, you can load new or updated firmware onto the ioLogik.

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Main Menu - E2214

- Overview
- Basic Settings
- Network Settings
- I/O Settings
- System Management
 - Accessible IP Settings
 - SNMP Agent
 - Network Connection
 - Firmware Update**
 - Import System Config
 - Export System Config

Firmware Update

Choose a new firmware file path :

[Warning:]

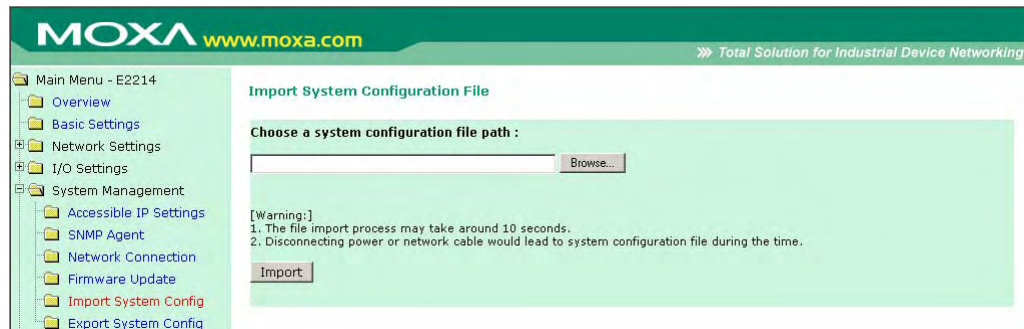
1. The firmware update process may take about few minutes.

2. Attention! Once you press the "Update" button, this progress cannot be reversed.

3. Disconnecting power or network cable would lead to firmware corruption during the time.

Import System Config

On the **Import System Config** page, you can import a configuration onto the ioLogik server. The configuration file can be generated by ioAdmin or through the web console. This function can be used to duplicate settings between ioLogik servers. You will be prompted for the location of the configuration file (i.e., "ik2214.txt").



Export System Config

On the **Export System Config** page, you can save the ioLogik's configuration into a file for backup or import into another ioLogik server.

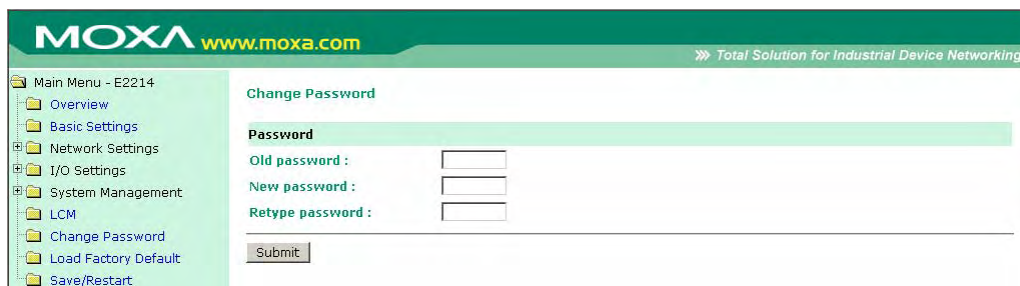


LCM

If you have installed the optional LCM, you can view the status and firmware details on the LCM page.



Change Password



For all changes to the ioLogik E2000's password protection settings, you will first need to enter the old password. Leave this blank if you are setting up password protection for the first time. To set up a new password or change the existing password, enter your desired password under both **New password** and **Confirm password**. To remove password protection, leave **New password** and **Confirm password** blank.



ATTENTION

If you forget the password, the **ONLY** way to configure the **ioLogik** is by using the reset button to load the factory defaults.

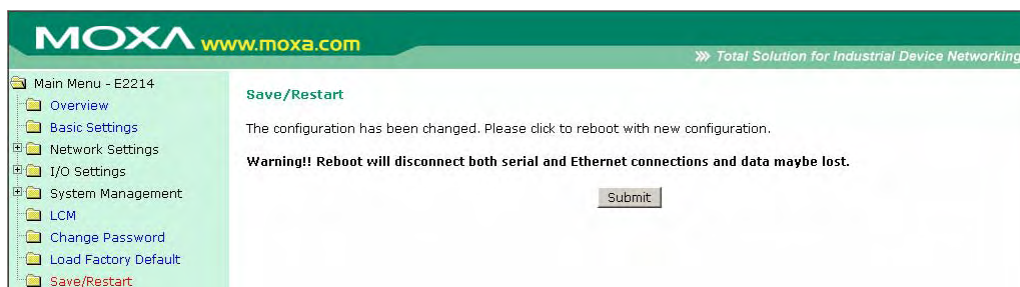
Before you set a password for the first time, it is a good idea to export the configuration to a file when you have finished setting up your ioLogik. Your configuration can then be easily imported back into the ioLogik. This will be useful if the ioLogik has been reset to factory defaults due to a forgotten password or for other reasons.

Load Factory Default

This function will reset the ioLogik to factory default settings. All previous settings including the console password will be lost.

Save/Restart

If you change the configuration, do not forget to reboot the system.



In this chapter, we explain how to use ioAdmin to configure your ioLogik product.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ❑ **OLE for Process Control**
- ❑ **Introduction to Active OPC Server Lite**
- ❑ **Active OPC Server Lite – From Pull to Push**
- ❑ **Features of Active OPC Server Lite**
- ❑ **Active OPC Server Lite Specifications**
 - Installation of Active OPC Server Lite
 - Installation of OPC Core Components
- ❑ **Active OPC Server Lite**
 - Main Screen Overview
- ❑ **Menu Items**
 - File
 - System
 - Sort
 - Quick Links
- ❑ **Tag Generation**
 - Push Tag Configuration from ioAdmin
 - Advanced Settings
 - Heartbeat Interval
 - Read/Write Privilege
 - OPC Test Client

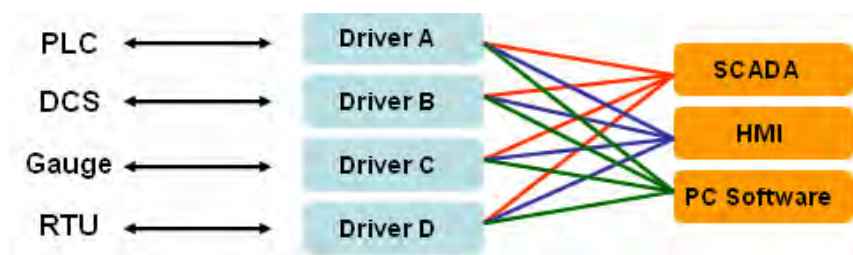
OLE for Process Control

OPC (originally OLE for process control) is an industry standard created with the collaboration of a number of leading worldwide automation hardware and software suppliers, working in cooperation with Microsoft. The standard defines methods for exchanging real-time automation data between PC-based clients using Microsoft operating systems. The organization that manages this standard is the OPC Foundation.

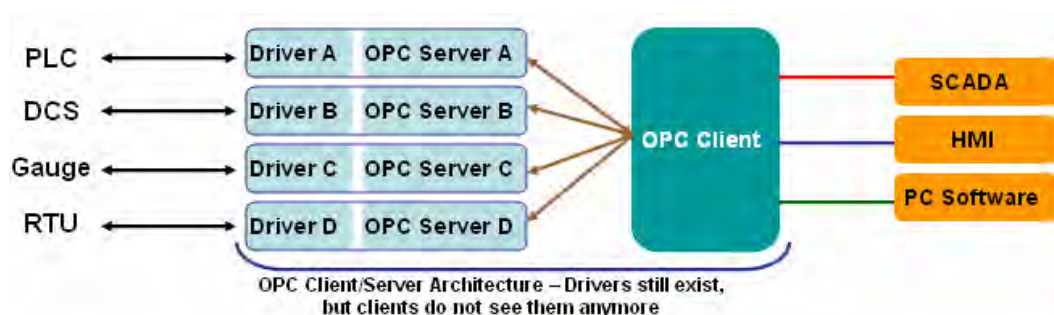
The OPC Specification is a non-proprietary technical specification that defines a set of standard interfaces based upon Microsoft's OLE/COM/DCOM platform and .NET technology. The application of the OPC standard interface makes possible interoperability between automation/control applications, field systems/devices and business/office applications.

Traditionally, each software or application developer was required to write a custom interface, or server/driver, to exchange data with hardware field devices. OPC eliminates this requirement by defining a common, high performance interface that permits this work to be done once, and then easily reused by HMI, SCADA, Control and custom applications.

[Drivers must be installed several times to connect to different devices]



[OPC Client/Server creates a common interface connecting to different devices]



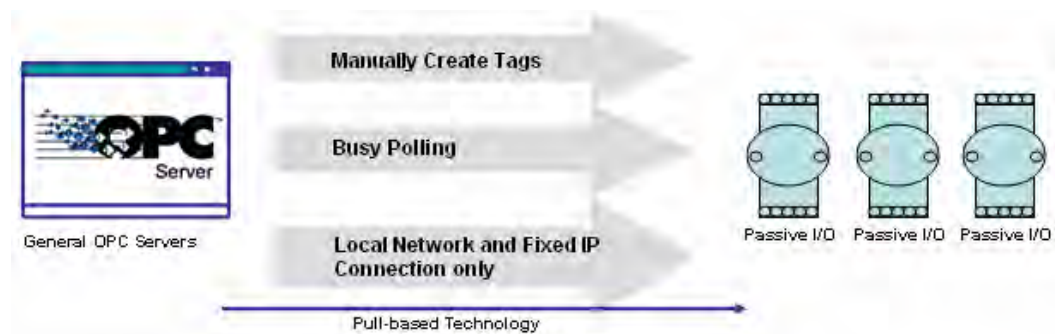
Introduction to Active OPC Server Lite

Moxa Active OPC Server Lite is a software package operated as an OPC driver of an HMI or SCADA system. It offers seamless connection from Moxa ioLogik series products to the SCADA systems, including the most popular Wonderware, Citect, and iFix. Active OPC Server Lite meets the latest standard of OPC DA3.0 that allows connections to various kinds of devices and host OPC machines.

Active OPC Server Lite – From Pull to Push

When first looking up the I/O devices' Modbus table, users need to create one tag within 19 or more steps including specifying the IP address, selection of the protocols, and define the data type. The procedure is repeated over and over again until all the devices and tags are created. A technician can expect to take 1 minute to create just one tag. But what if there are 400 tags in the OPC system? Also, the more tags are used, the higher CPU loading will be taken.

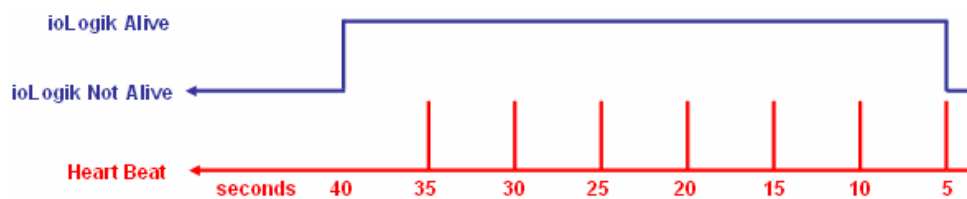
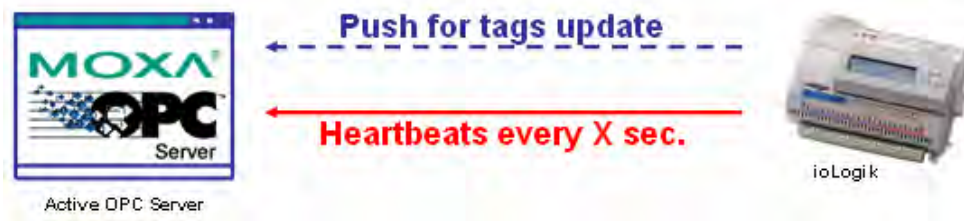
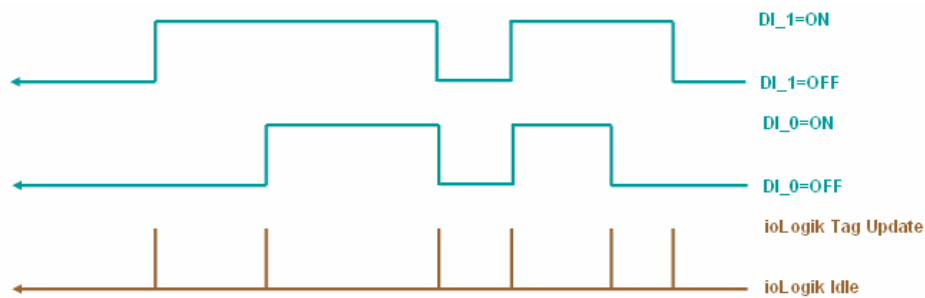
The general OPC also requires the connected I/O devices to use fixed IP address, if there are applications running on a public network (usually dynamic IPs) or portable measurements, there is no way to connect to an I/O device using OPC. This architecture is also called “pull” technology because the OPC server always polls the I/O devices from tag creation, IP connection and the tag status update.



Moxa Active Ethernet I/O – ioLogik series products provide the I/O status report via TCP/UDP message, e-mail or SNMP traps. These benefits have now expanded to the OPC technology. Without asking any questions, even the IP address, settings of a tag are automatically created by the ioLogik itself to notify which tag should be created. Users need only to launch the Active OPC Server program, and those I/O channels selected by a user will be “pushed” from an ioLogik to Active OPC Server.



The “push” technology also includes the update for the tags. When the I/O the status changes, there will be updates from the ioLogik to Active OPC Server Lite. Compared to constantly polling (pull-based) the status, this feature efficiently reduces the network bandwidth usage and speeds up the response time with event-driven, push-based status updates. At the same time, the heartbeat function visual confirms that ioLogik is “alive” and working.



Features of Active OPC Server Lite

Automatic tag generation

Without specifying IP addresses, I/O channels, and data formats one by one or editing and importing any configuration text files, Active OPC Server Lite creates the tags for the target ioLogik automatically. These tags are not fixed but created by users. After selecting the channels required to be update to Active OPC Server Lite, it will generate the tag configuration without asking any questions. Training for installation and configuration should be required to implement a general OPC Server package. For ioLogik users, learning the OPC technology, looking up Modbus address, configuring data format, assigning target IP and so on are not required.

Active tag update with heartbeat detection

ioLogik uses "Active" technology to update the I/O status. This includes the tag status update to Active OPC Server Lite. Compared to traditional OPC Servers, this mechanism reduces Ethernet bandwidth usage by 80%. At the same time, it increases the response time of the I/O channels 7 timers faster than before. The SCADA PC can now also be load balanced for its CPU time because it simply waits for updates instead of polling the I/O channel all the time.

Dynamic IP Address Support

Active OPC Server also delivers the flexibility of using dynamic IP addresses on the ioLogik. As for the traditional data acquisition application, I/O devices are not capable of using this approach. The flexibility of connections through firewall is also expanded.

Active OPC Server Lite Specifications

Hardware Requirements

CPU	Intel Pentium (Pentium 4 and above)
RAM	512 MB (1024 MB recommended)
Network Interface	10/100Mb Ethernet

Software Requirements

Operating System	Microsoft Windows 2000, XP or later
Editor(Not necessary)	Microsoft Office 2003 (Access 2003) or later

OPC Server Specifications

OPC Data Access	1.0a, 2.0, 2.05a, 3.0
Max. tags	256

ioLogik Support

Product Model	ioLogik E2210, E2212, E2214, E2240, E2242, E2260, E2262
Firmware version	V3.0 or above
ioAdmin version	V3.0 or above

Installation of Active OPC Server Lite

Active OPC Server Lite can be found in the **Document and Software CD**, or downloaded from Moxa Website. The following steps show how to install Active OPC Server Lite from the CD.

1. **Installation from CD:** Insert the Document and Software CD into the host computer. In the Software\AOPCLite directory of the CD, locate and run SETUP.EXE. The installation program will guide you through the installation process and install the Active OPC Server Lite utility.
2. **Open Active OPC Server Lite:** After installation is finished, run Active OPC Server Lite from the Windows Start menu: **Start →Program Files →MOXA →IO Server →ActiveOPC→ActiveOPC.**

Installation of OPC Core Components

OPC Core Components provides the necessary connection library of Active OPC Server Lite. This package must be installed in the computer where Active OPC Server Lite is.

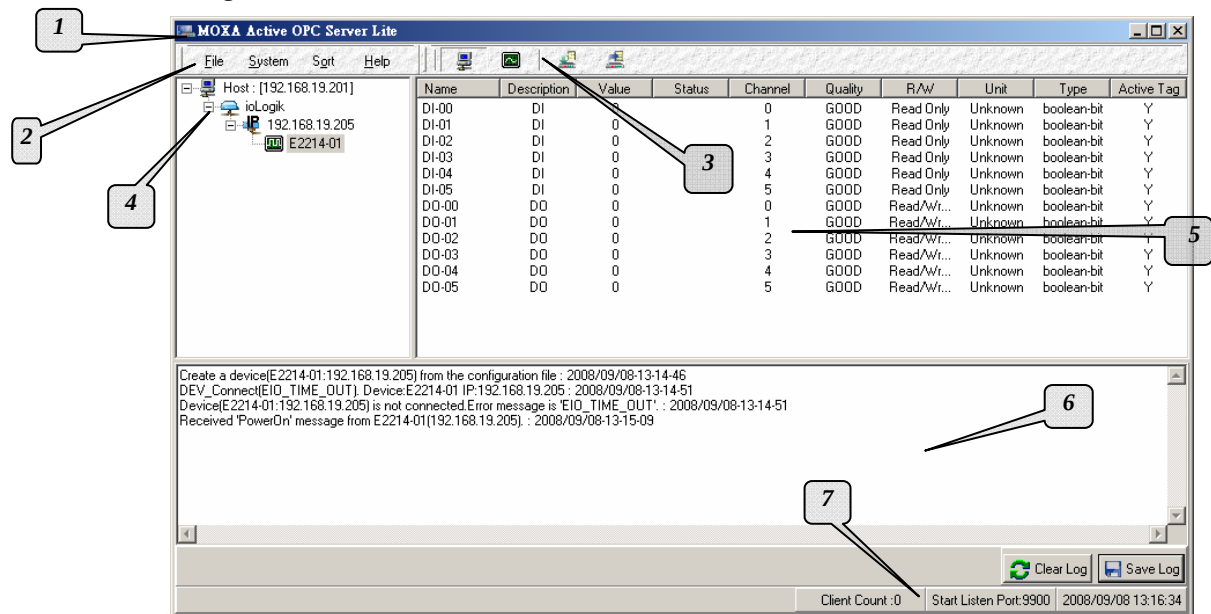
1. After Active OPC Server Lite installation is finished, run Setup OPC Core Components from the Windows Start menu: **Start →Program Files →MOXA →IO Server→ActiveOPC→Setup OPC Core Components**

The installation program will guide you through the installation process.

Active OPC Server Lite

Main Screen Overview

Active OPC Server Lite's main screen displays a figure of the mapped ioLogik with the status of every I/O tag. Note that configuration and tags are not available until you have the ioLogik to create the tags.



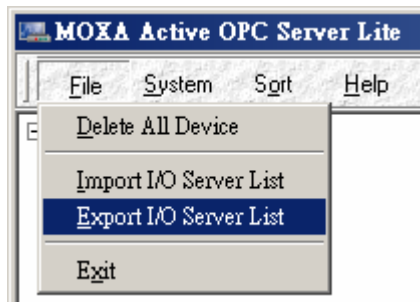
Active OPC Server Lite Main Screen

- | |
|---------------------|
| 1. Title |
| 2. Menu bar |
| 3. Quick link |
| 4. Navigation panel |
| 5. Tag Window |
| 6. Log Monitor |
| 7. Status bar |

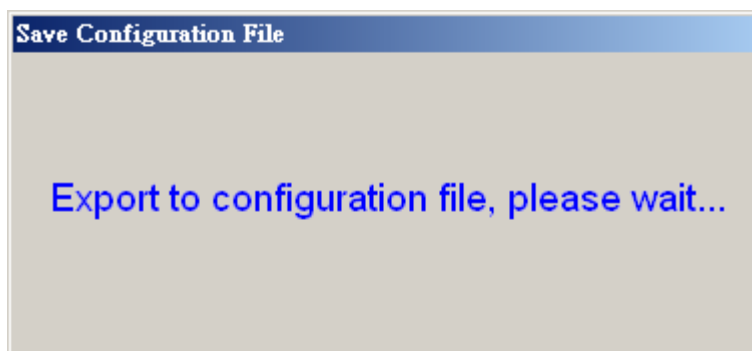
Menu Items

File

From the **File** menu, you can export the list of the ioLogik that are currently displayed in the navigation panel. You also can import a list into Active OPC Server Lite.



The file will have **.mdb** extension and can be opened using Microsoft Office - Access. The server list includes the current tag information of the mapped ioLogik. Saving the configuration when exiting the Active OPC Server is also recommended.



System

Several operations can be accessed from the **System** menu.



Network Interface allows you to select a network to use, if the PC has multiple network adaptors installed.

Active Tag Listen Port allows you to select the preferred TCP socket port for tag generation from ioAdmin.

Stop Listen allows you to stop getting tag generation messages and I/O status updates.

Register OPC Server is used to register the DCOM components to the Windows system. After Active OPC Server Lite is installed, it will automatically configure the DCOM.

Unregister OPC Server is used to cancel the registration of the DCOM components from the Windows system.

Sort

The **Sort** menu allows the server list in the navigation panel to be sorted by connection and type (model).



Quick Links

Quick links are provided to sort the server list and import/export configuration.

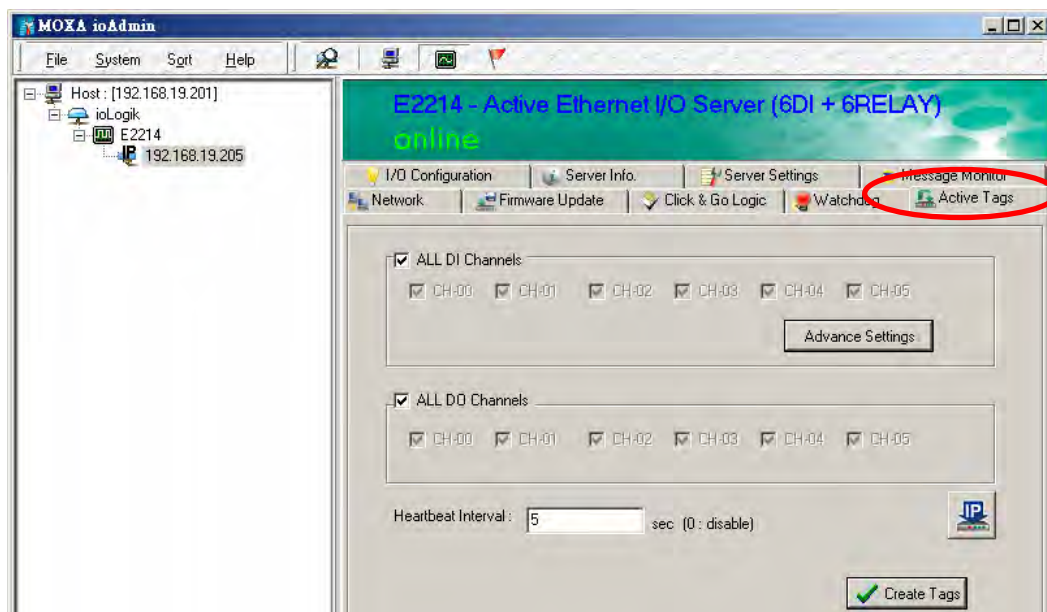


	Sort by connection
	Sort by server type
	Import configuration
	Export configuration

Tag Generation

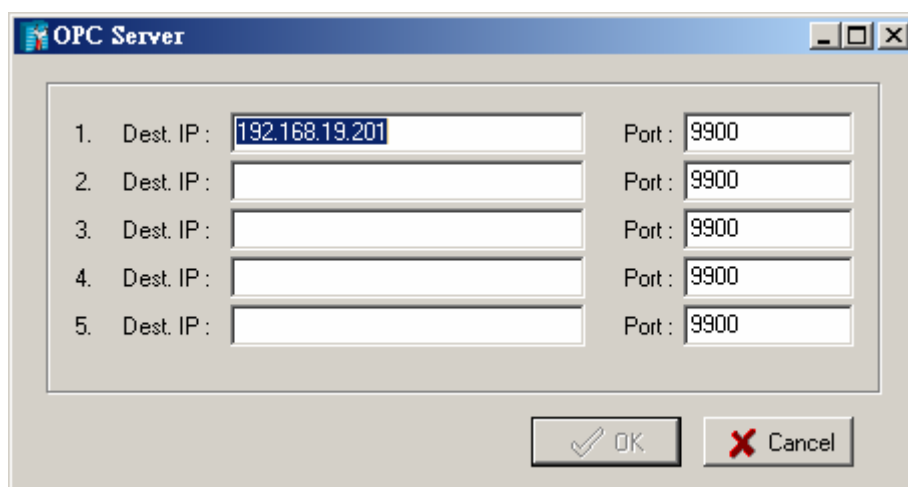
Push Tag Configuration from ioAdmin

Tag configuration of an ioLogik is specified by ioAdmin configuration utility. Start the ioAdmin, log in as an administrator and go to the **Active Tags**.



Following are the steps to create the tags.

1. Click on the **Set OPC Server Address** () button to specify the IP address of Active OPC Server Lite.



2. Click **Yes** to restart the ioLogik.



3. Specify the channels needed to be monitored by Active OPC Server Lite.

The screenshot shows a configuration window with two main sections: "ALL DI Channels" and "ALL DO Channels". Each section has a header checkbox and a row of six channel checkboxes (CH-00 to CH-05). In the "ALL DI Channels" section, "CH-01" is checked. In the "ALL DO Channels" section, "CH-01", "CH-02", and "CH-03" are checked. Below these sections is a "Heartbeat Interval" field set to "5" with the unit "sec (0: disable)". To the right of the interval field is a small icon of a computer monitor. At the bottom right is a "Create Tags" button with a green checkmark icon.

4. Click on the Create Tags button to push the tag configuration to Active OPC Server Lite.
5. Start the Active OPC Server Lite from Windows Start Menu. In the log monitor, a message will appear to confirm that the configuration was received. After that, tags are automatically created.

Advanced Settings

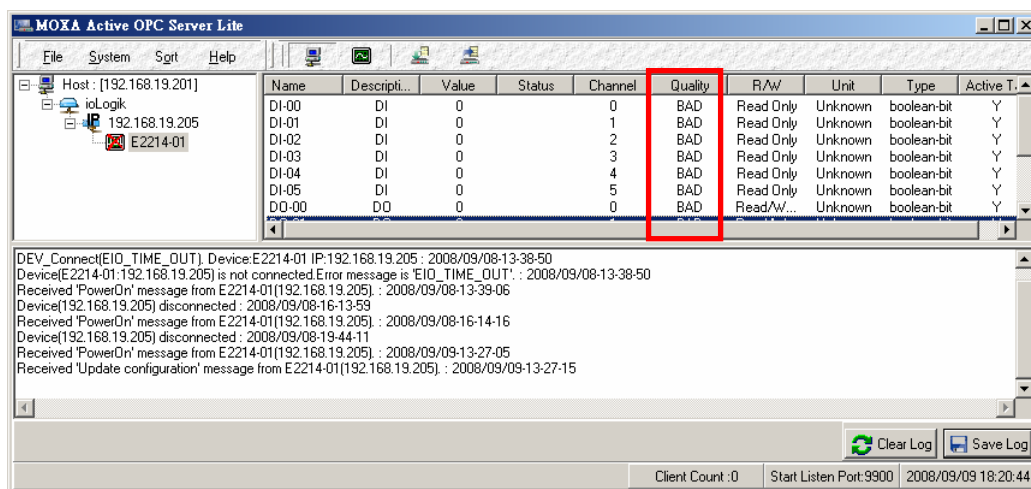
Advanced settings of the tags define the period that an ioLogik checks for the counter input status. By default, the status is checked as soon as it changes. Users can define the interval starting from 100 ms to 60 seconds.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Counter Mode Advance Setting". It has a checkbox labeled "As fast as possible" which is checked. Below this is a "Check every:" field with a value of "0" and the unit "ms". Below the field is the text "(Range: 100-60000)". To the right of the field is a small icon of a computer monitor. At the bottom are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons with green and red checkmarks respectively.

Heartbeat Interval

Tags are event-driven and updated only when the status of an I/O channel changes, so when the status remains unchanged, there will not be an update to Active OPC Server Lite. To ensure the ioLogik is connected and alive, **Heartbeat Interval** can be used to determine the connection status

between the ioLogik and Active OPC Server Lite. If the heartbeat interval is set and the network between the ioLogik and Active OPC Server Lite is down, Active OPC Server Lite will detect the stop of the heartbeat and the Quality column will show **BAD** to indicate the loss of the connection. Default interval is set to 0 second which disables the heartbeat. The maxima interval is 65,535 seconds.



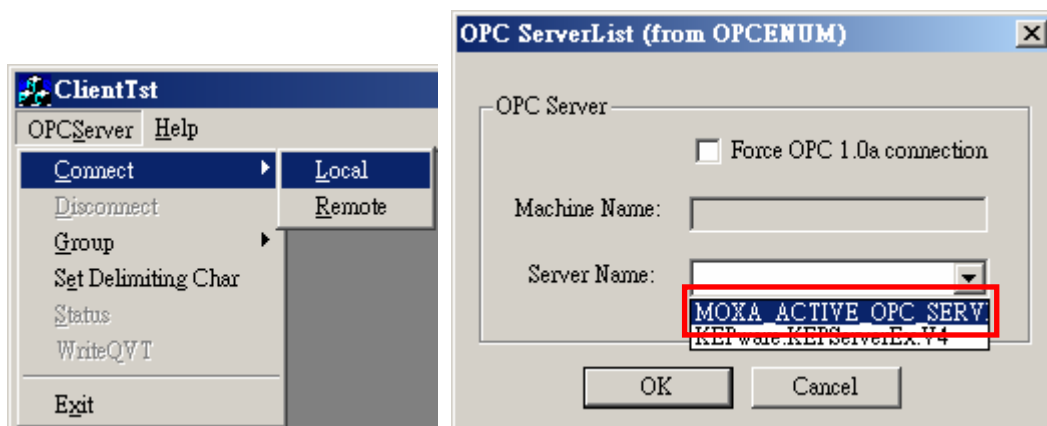
Read/Write Privilege

An input channel can only be read while an output channel is read/write acceptable showing on the Active OPC Server Lite. Note that if an output channel has been used in the Click&Go logic, the tags for that channel are read-only.

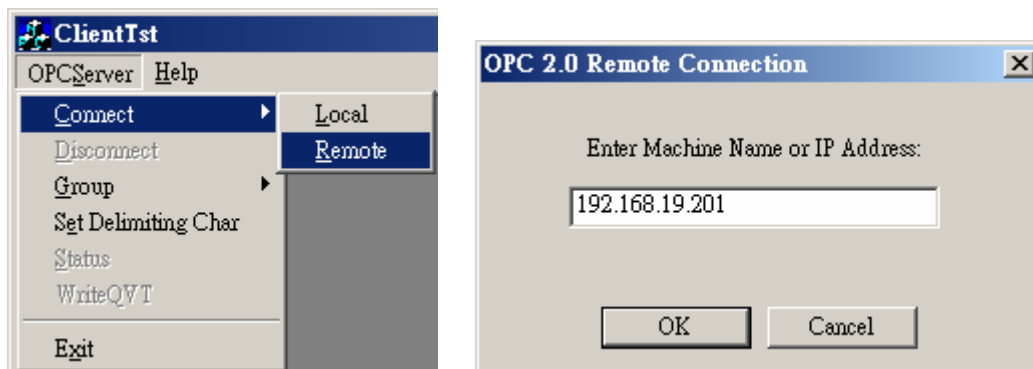
OPC Test Client

An OPC client software is embedded into the Active OPC Server Lite package for test purposes. After configuring the tags on the Active OPC Server Lite, this **ClientTest** can be launched from the Windows Start menu: **Start → Program Files → MOXA → IO Server → ActiveOPC → ClientTest**.

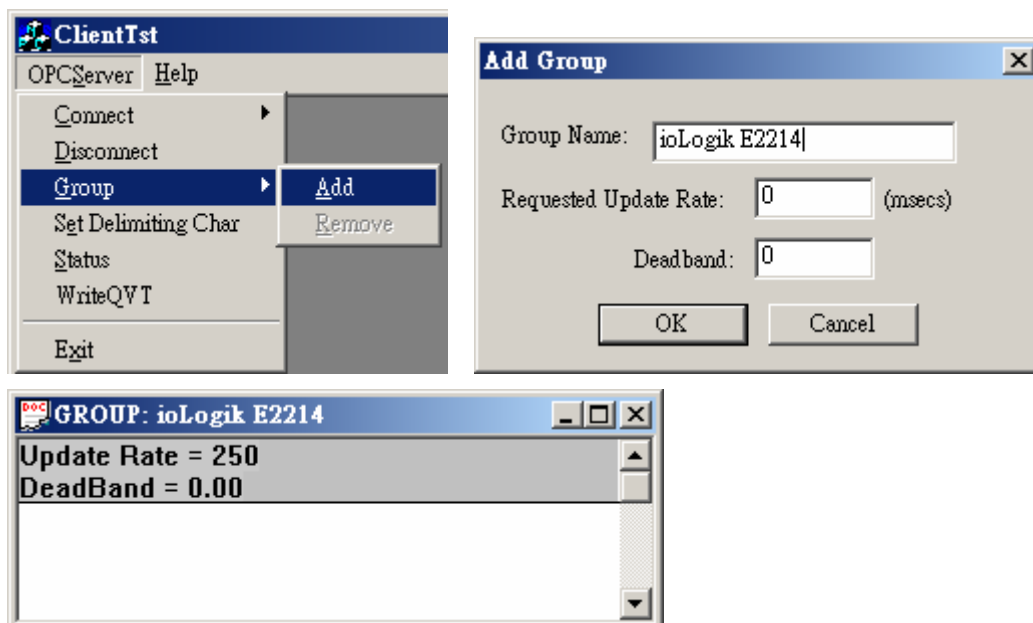
If Active OPC Server Lite is installed locally in the same PC, select **Connect → Local** from the menu bar. Specify the **MOXA ACTIVE OPC SERVER** in the **Server Name** column.



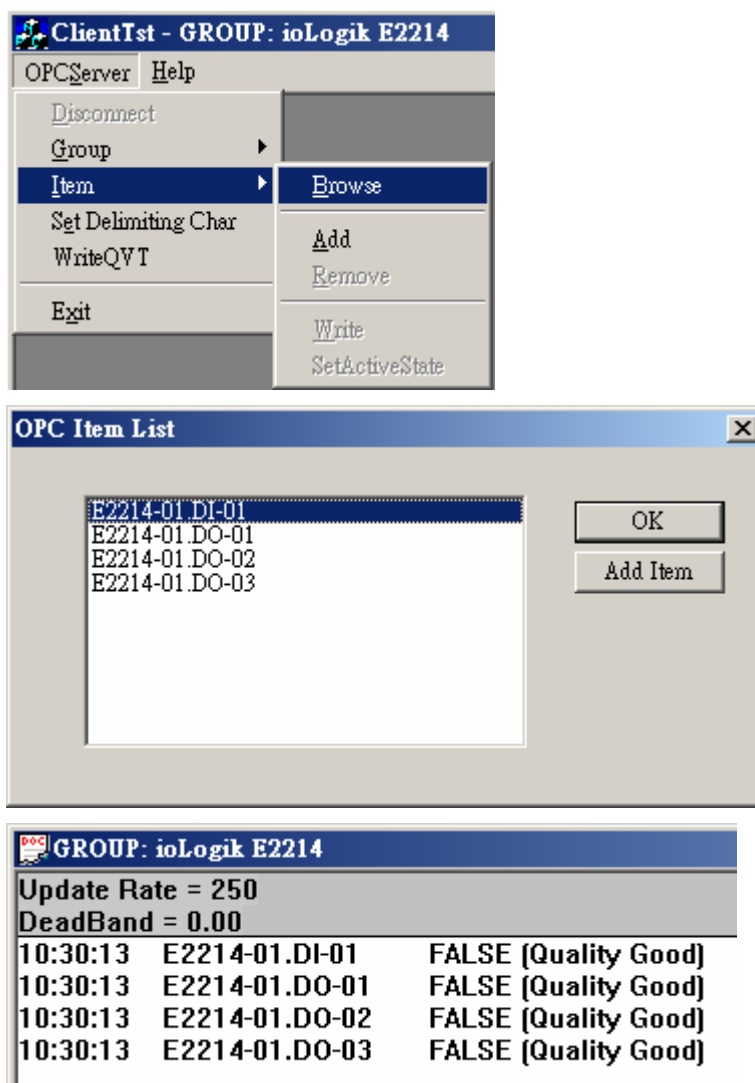
If the Active OPC Server Lite is installed on a remote PC, select **Connect → Remote** from the menu bar. Input the host name (i.e. Moxa_Client) or IP address and specify **MOXAACTIVE OPC SERVER** in the **Server Name** column.



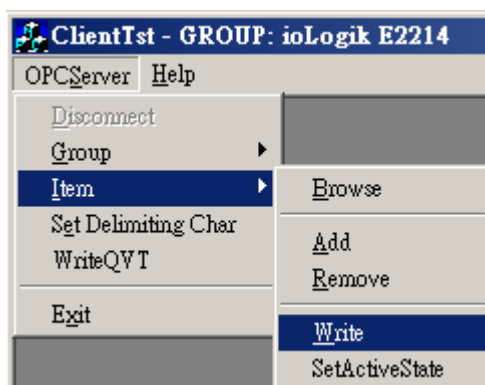
Click on the **Group → Add** and specify the **Group Name** (user-defined). A blank tag monitoring screen will start.

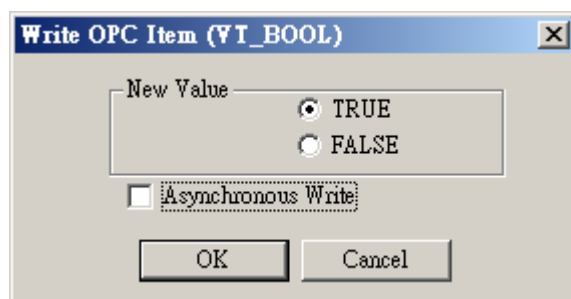


Click **Item → Browse** and select the channel needed to be monitored.



To write to the output channel, specify an output channel first, select **Item** → **Write** from the menu bar.





Liquid Crystal Display Module (LCM)

The ioLogik E2000 supports an optional detachable Liquid Crystal Display Module (LCM) for easier field maintenance. The LCM is hot-pluggable and can be used to configure the network settings or display other settings. When plugged in, the LCM displays the ioLogik “home page,” and pressing any button takes you into the settings and configuration.

LCM Controls

The up and down buttons navigate between the current options. The right and left buttons enter and exit the submenus. The center button is used when modifying settings or restarting the server.

Button	Function
Up	go to the previous item
Down	go to the next item
Left	exit the current submenu and return to the previous menu (go up one level)
Right	enter the selected submenu (go down one level)
Center	enter/exit editing mode

An “e” in the upper right hand corner of the display indicates that the parameter can be modified. Press the center button on the LCM to modify that parameter’s settings.

LCM Options

Display	Explanation / Actions
<ioLogik E2214>	This is the default “home page” showing the IP address. Press the down button to view the submenus.
<ioLogik E2214> server	Enter this submenu to display information about the specific server you are viewing: • serial number • name • location • e2214 f/w ver • lcm f/w ver • model name

Display	Explanation / Actions
<ioLogik E2214> network	Enter this submenu to display information and settings for the network: • ethernet link • mac address • ip mode • ip address • netmask • gateway • dns server-1 • dns server-2
<ioLogik E2214> click&go	Enter this submenu to display information about the Click&Go Logic ruleset currently loaded on the ioLogik: • name • status
<ioLogik E2214> serial port	Enter this submenu to display the RS-485 cascade port settings.
<ioLogik E2214> i/o setting	Enter this submenu to access I/O channel status. Here are examples of settings that you might see: • DI-00 [di]=off • DO-00 [pulse]=stop Press up or down to navigate through the different I/O channels without having to go back to the previous menu.
<ioLogik E2214> console	Enter this submenu to see if the web console is enabled or disabled.
<ioLogik E2214> ping	Select this option to enter an IP address to ping. If you get a "timeout" error, it indicates that the ioLogik cannot reach that IP address. Otherwise, the display will show the response time.
<ioLogik E2214> save/restart	Enter this submenu to display the restart now submenu. Enter the restart now submenu to display the restart option. Press the center button to modify this option, then select "enable" to save changes and reboot the I/O server. The disable option has no effect.

**ATTENTION**

Any configuration changes that are made through the LCM will not take effect until the ioLogik is restarted.

B

Modbus/TCP Address Mappings

E2214 Modbus Mapping

0xxxx Read/Write Coils (Support Functions 1, 5, 15)

Reference	Address	Data Type	Description
00001	0x0000	1 bit	CH0 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
00002	0x0001	1 bit	CH1 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
00003	0x0002	1 bit	CH2 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
00004	0x0003	1 bit	CH3 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
00005	0x0004	1 bit	CH4 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
00006	0x0005	1 bit	CH5 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
00007	0x0006	1 bit	CH0 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
00008	0x0007	1 bit	CH1 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
00009	0x0008	1 bit	CH2 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
00010	0x0009	1 bit	CH3 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
00011	0x000A	1 bit	CH4 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
00012	0x000B	1 bit	CH5 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
00013	0x000C	1 bit	CH0 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00014	0x000D	1 bit	CH1 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00015	0x000E	1 bit	CH2 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00016	0x000F	1 bit	CH3 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00017	0x0010	1 bit	CH4 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00018	0x0011	1 bit	CH5 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00019	0x0012	1 bit	CH0 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00020	0x0013	1 bit	CH1 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00021	0x0014	1 bit	CH2 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00022	0x0015	1 bit	CH3 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00023	0x0016	1 bit	CH4 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00024	0x0017	1 bit	CH5 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00025	0x0018	1 bit	CH0 DO Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00026	0x0019	1 bit	CH1 DO Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00027	0x001A	1 bit	CH2 DO Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00028	0x001B	1 bit	CH3 DO Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00029	0x001C	1 bit	CH4 DO Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00030	0x001D	1 bit	CH5 DO Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00031	0x001E	1 bit	CH0 DI Counter Status 0: Off 1: On
00032	0x001F	1 bit	CH1 DI Counter Status 0: Off 1: On
00033	0x0020	1 bit	CH2 DI Counter Status 0: Off 1: On
00034	0x0021	1 bit	CH3 DI Counter Status 0: Off 1: On

00035	0x0022	1 bit	CH4 DI Counter Status 0: Off 1: On
00036	0x0023	1 bit	CH5 DI Counter Status 0: Off 1: On
00037	0x0024	1 bit	CH0 DI Clear Count Value Read always :0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : return Illegal Data Value
00038	0x0025	1 bit	CH1 DI Clear Count Value Read always :0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : return Illegal Data Value
00039	0x0026	1 bit	CH2 DI Clear Count Value Read always :0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : return Illegal Data Value
00040	0x0027	1 bit	CH3 DI Clear Count Value Read always :0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : return Illegal Data Value
00041	0x0028	1 bit	CH4 DI Clear Count Value Read always :0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : return Illegal Data Value
00042	0x0029	1 bit	CH5 DI Clear Count Value Read always :0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : return Illegal Data Value
00043	0x002A	1 bit	CH0 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : clear overflow status 1 : return Illegal Data Value
00044	0x002B	1 bit	CH1 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : clear overflow status 1 : return Illegal Data Value
00045	0x002C	1 bit	CH2 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : clear overflow status 1 : return Illegal Data Value
00046	0x002D	1 bit	CH3 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : clear overflow status 1 : return Illegal Data Value
00047	0x002E	1 bit	CH4 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : clear overflow status 1 : return Illegal Data Value
00048	0x002F	1 bit	CH5 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : clear overflow status 1 : return Illegal Data Value
00049	0x0030	1 bit	CH0 DI Count Trigger
00050	0x0031	1 bit	CH1 DI Count Trigger
00051	0x0032	1 bit	CH2 DI Count Trigger
00052	0x0033	1 bit	CH3 DI Count Trigger
00053	0x0034	1 bit	CH4 DI Count Trigger
00054	0x0035	1 bit	CH5 DI Count Trigger
00055	0x0036	1 bit	CH0 DI PowerOn Status 0: Off 1: On

00056	0x0037	1 bit	CH1 DI PowerOn Status 0: Off 1: On
00057	0x0038	1 bit	CH2 DI PowerOn Status 0: Off 1: On
00058	0x0039	1 bit	CH3 DI PowerOn Status 0: Off 1: On
00059	0x003A	1 bit	CH4 DI PowerOn Status 0: Off 1: On
00060	0x003B	1 bit	CH5 DI PowerOn Status 0: Off 1: On
00061	0x003C	1 bit	CH0 DI Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00062	0x003D	1 bit	CH1 DI Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00063	0x003E	1 bit	CH2 DI Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00064	0x003F	1 bit	CH3 DI Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00065	0x0040	1 bit	CH4 DI Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00066	0x0041	1 bit	CH5 DI Safe Pulse Operate Status 0: Off 1: On
00067	0x0042	1 bit	CH0 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
00068	0x0043	1 bit	CH1 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
00069	0x0044	1 bit	CH2 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
00070	0x0045	1 bit	CH3 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
00071	0x0046	1 bit	CH4 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
00072	0x0047	1 bit	CH5 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF

1xxxx Read Only Coils (Function 2)

Reference	Address	Data Type	Description
10001	0x0000	1 bit	CH0 DI Value
10002	0x0001	1 bit	CH1 DI Value
10003	0x0002	1 bit	CH2 DI Value
10004	0x0003	1 bit	CH3 DI Value

10005	0x0004	1 bit	CH4 DI Value
10006	0x0005	1 bit	CH5 DI Value

3xxxx Read Only Registers (Function 4)

Reference	Address	Data Type	Description
30001	0x0000	1 word	CH0 DI Count Value Hi-Byte
30002	0x0001	1 word	CH0 DI Count Value Lo-Byte
30003	0x0002	1 word	CH1 DI Count Value Hi-Byte
30004	0x0003	1 word	CH1 DI Count Value Lo-Byte
30005	0x0004	1 word	CH2 DI Count Value Hi-Byte
30006	0x0005	1 word	CH2 DI Count Value Lo-Byte
30007	0x0006	1 word	CH3 DI Count Value Hi-Byte
30008	0x0007	1 word	CH3 DI Count Value Lo-Byte
30009	0x0008	1 word	CH4 DI Count Value Hi-Byte
30010	0x0009	1 word	CH4 DI Count Value Lo-Byte
30011	0x000A	1 word	CH5 DI Count Value Hi-Byte
30012	0x000B	1 word	CH5 DI Count Value Lo-Byte
30013	0x000C	1 word	CH0 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
30014	0x000D	1 word	CH0 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
30015	0x000E	1 word	CH1 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
30016	0x000F	1 word	CH1 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
30017	0x0010	1 word	CH2 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
30018	0x0011	1 word	CH2 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
30019	0x0012	1 word	CH3 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
30020	0x0013	1 word	CH3 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
30021	0x0014	1 word	CH4 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
30022	0x0015	1 word	CH4 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
30023	0x0016	1 word	CH5 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
30024	0x0017	1 word	CH5 DO Totoal Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
30025	0x0018	1 word	CH0 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Sec Value
30026	0x0019	1 word	CH0 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Min Value
30027	0x001A	1 word	CH0 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Hour Value
30028	0x001B	1 word	CH0 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Mday Value
30029	0x001C	1 word	CH0 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Month Value
30030	0x001D	1 word	CH0 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Year Value
30031	0x001E	1 word	CH1 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay

			Count Sec Value
30032	0x001F	1 word	CH1 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Min Value
30033	0x0020	1 word	CH1 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Hour Value
30034	0x0021	1 word	CH1DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Mday Value
30035	0x0022	1 word	CH1 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Month Value
30036	0x0023	1 word	CH1 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Year Value
30037	0x0024	1 word	CH2 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Sec Value
30038	0x0025	1 word	CH2DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Min Value
30039	0x0026	1 word	CH2 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Hour Value
30040	0x0027	1 word	CH2 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Mday Value
30041	0x0028	1 word	CH2 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Month Value
30042	0x0029	1 word	CH2 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Year Value
30043	0x002A	1 word	CH3 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Sec Value
30044	0x002B	1 word	CH3 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Min Value
30045	0x002C	1 word	CH3DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Hour Value
30046	0x002D	1 word	CH3 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Mday Value
30047	0x002E	1 word	CH3DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Month Value
30048	0x002F	1 word	CH3 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay

			Count Year Value
30049	0x0030	1 word	CH4 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Sec Value
30050	0x0031	1 word	CH4 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Min Value
30051	0x0032	1 word	CH4 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Hour Value
30052	0x0033	1 word	CH4 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Mday Value
30053	0x0034	1 word	CH4 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Month Value
30054	0x0035	1 word	CH4 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Year Value
30055	0x0036	1 word	CH5 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Sec Value
30056	0x0037	1 word	CH5 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Min Value
30057	0x0038	1 word	CH5 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Hour Value
30058	0x0039	1 word	CH5 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Mday Value
30059	0x003A	1 word	CH5 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Month Value
30060	0x003B	1 word	CH5 DO Last Reset Time for Current Relay Count Year Value
312289	0x3000	1 word	CH0 DI Value (low byte)
312290	0x3001	1 word	CH1 DI Value (low byte)
312291	0x3002	1 word	CH2 DI Value (low byte)
312292	0x3003	1 word	CH3 DI Value (low byte)
312293	0x3004	1 word	CH4 DI Value (low byte)
312294	0x3005	1 word	CH5 DI Value (low byte)

4xxxx Read/Write Registers (Functions 3, 6, 16)

Reference	Address	Data Type	Description
40001	0x0000	word	CH0 DO Pulse Output Count Value Hi-Word
40002	0x0001	word	CH0 DO Pulse Output Count Value

			Lo-Word
40003	0x0002	word	CH1 DO Pulse Output Count Value Hi-Word
40004	0x0003	word	CH1 DO Pulse Output Count Value Lo-Word
40005	0x0004	word	CH2 DO Pulse Output Count Value Hi-Word
40006	0x0005	word	CH2 DO Pulse Output Count Value Lo-Word
40007	0x0006	word	CH3 DO Pulse Output Count Value Hi-Word
40008	0x0007	word	CH3 DO Pulse Output Count Value Lo-Word
40009	0x0008	word	CH4 DO Pulse Output Count Value Hi-Word
40010	0x0009	word	CH4 DO Pulse Output Count Value Lo-Word
40011	0x000A	word	CH5 DO Pulse Output Count Value Hi-Word
40012	0x000B	word	CH5 DO Pulse Output Count Value Lo-Word
40013	0x000C	word	CH0 DO Pulse Low Signal Width
40014	0x000D	word	CH1 DO Pulse Low Signal Width
40015	0x000E	word	CH2 DO Pulse Low Signal Width
40016	0x000F	word	CH3 DO Pulse Low Signal Width
40017	0x0010	word	CH4 DO Pulse Low Signal Width
40018	0x0011	word	CH5 DO Pulse Low Signal Width
40019	0x0012	word	CH0 DO Pulse High Signal Width
40020	0x0013	word	CH1 DO Pulse High Signal Width
40021	0x0014	word	CH2 DO Pulse High Signal Width
40022	0x0015	word	CH3 DO Pulse High Signal Width
40023	0x0016	word	CH4 DO Pulse High Signal Width
40024	0x0017	word	CH5 DO Pulse High Signal Width
40025	0x0018	word	CH0 DO Mode 0: DO 1: Pulse
40026	0x0019	word	CH1 DO Mode 0: DO 1: Pulse
40027	0x001A	word	CH2 DO Mode 0: DO 1: Pulse
40028	0x001B	word	CH3 DO Mode 0: DO 1: Pulse
40029	0x001C	word	CH4 DO Mode 0: DO 1: Pulse
40030	0x001D	word	CH5 DO Mode 0: DO 1: Pulse
40031	0x001E	word	CH0 DI Count Filter
40032	0x001F	word	CH1 DI Count Filter
40033	0x0020	word	CH2 DI Count Filter
40034	0x0021	word	CH3 DI Count Filter
40035	0x0022	word	CH4 DI Count Filter
40036	0x0023	word	CH5 DI Count Filter

40037	0x0024	word	CH0 DI Mode 0: DI 1: Count Others : return Illegal Data Value
40038	0x0025	word	CH1 DI Mode 0: DI 1: Count Others : return Illegal Data Value
40039	0x0026	word	CH2 DI Mode 0: DI 1: Count Others : return Illegal Data Value
40040	0x0027	word	CH3 DI Mode 0: DI 1: Count Others : return Illegal Data Value
40041	0x0028	word	CH4 DI Mode 0: DI 1: Count Others : return Illegal Data Value
40042	0x0029	word	CH5 DI Mode 0: DI 1: Count Others : return Illegal Data Value
40043	0x002A	1 word	CH0 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
40044	0x002B	1 word	CH1 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
40045	0x002C	1 word	CH2 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
40046	0x002D	1 word	CH3 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
40047	0x002E	1 word	CH4 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
40048	0x002F	1 word	CH5 DO Value 0: Off 1: On
40049	0x0030	1 word	CH0 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
40050	0x0031	1 word	CH1 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
40051	0x0032	1 word	CH2 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
40052	0x0033	1 word	CH3 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
40053	0x0034	1 word	CH4 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
40054	0x0035	1 word	CH5 DO Power On Value 0: Off 1: On
40055	0x0036	1 word	CH0 DO Safe Mode Value 0: Off 1: On 2: Hold Last
40056	0x0037	1 word	CH1 DO Safe Mode Value 0: Off 1: On 2: Hold Last
40057	0x0038	1 word	CH2 DO Safe Mode Value 0: Off 1: On 2: Hold Last
40058	0x0039	1 word	CH3 DO Safe Mode Value 0: Off 1: On 2: Hold Last
40059	0x003A	1 word	CH4 DO Safe Mode Value 0: Off 1: On 2: Hold Last
40060	0x003B	1 word	CH5 DO Safe Mode Value 0: Off 1: On 2: Hold Last
40061	0x003C	1 word	CH0 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40062	0x003D	1 word	CH1 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40063	0x003E	1 word	CH2 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40064	0x003F	1 word	CH3 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start

40065	0x0040	1 word	CH4 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40066	0x0041	1 word	CH5 DO Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40067	0x0042	1 word	CH0 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40068	0x0043	1 word	CH1 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40069	0x0044	1 word	CH2 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40070	0x0045	1 word	CH3 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40071	0x0046	1 word	CH4 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40072	0x0047	1 word	CH5 DO PowerOn Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40073	0x0048	1 word	CH0 DO Safe Mode Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40074	0x0049	1 word	CH1 DO Safe Mode Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40075	0x004A	1 word	CH2 DO Safe Mode Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40076	0x004B	1 word	CH3 DO Safe Mode Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40077	0x004C	1 word	CH4 DO Safe Mode Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40078	0x004D	1 word	CH5 DO Safe Mode Pulse Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40079	0x004E	1 word	CH0 DI Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40080	0x004F	1 word	CH1 DI Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40081	0x0050	1 word	CH2 DI Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40082	0x0051	1 word	CH3 DI Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40083	0x0052	1 word	CH4 DI Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40084	0x0053	1 word	CH5 DI Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40085	0x0054	1 word	CH0 DI Clear Count Value Read: always return: 0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : Return illegal data value(0x03)
40086	0x0055	1 word	CH1 DI Clear Count Value Read: always return: 0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : Return illegal data value(0x03)
40087	0x0056	1 word	CH2 DI Clear Count Value Read always return: 0

			Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : Return illegal data value(0x03)
40088	0x0057	1 word	CH3 DI Clear Count Value Read: always return: 0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : Return illegal data value(0x03)
40089	0x0058	1 word	CH4 DI Clear Count Value Read: always return: 0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : Return illegal data value(0x03)
40090	0x0059	1 word	CH5 DI Clear Count Value Read: always return: 0 Write: 1 : Clear counter value 0 : Return illegal data value(0x03)
40091	0x005A	1 word	CH0 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : Clear overflow status 1 : Return illegal data value (0x03)
40092	0x005B	1 word	CH1 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : Clear overflow status 1 : Return illegal data value (0x03)
40093	0x005C	1 word	CH2 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : Clear overflow status 1 : Return illegal data value (0x03)
40094	0x005D	1 word	CH3 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : Clear overflow status 1 : Return illegal data value (0x03)
40095	0x005E	1 word	CH4 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : Clear overflow status 1 : Return illegal data value (0x03)
40096	0x005F	1 word	CH5 DI OverFlow Status Read : 0 : Normal 1 : Overflow Write : 0 : Clear overflow status 1 : Return illegal data value (0x03)
40097	0x0060	1 word	CH0 DI Counter Trigger, 0=Low to High, 1=High to Low
40098	0x0061	1 word	CH1 DI Counter Trigger, 0=Low to High, 1=High to Low
40099	0x0062	1 word	CH2 DI Counter Trigger, 0=Low to High,

			1=High to Low
40100	0x0063	1 word	CH3 DI Counter Trigger, 0=Low to High, 1=High to Low
40101	0x0064	1 word	CH4 DI Counter Trigger, 0=Low to High, 1=High to Low
40102	0x0065	1 word	CH5 DI Counter Trigger, 0=Low to High, 1=High to Low
40103	0x0066	1 word	CH0 DI PowerOn Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40104	0x0067	1 word	CH1 DI PowerOn Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40105	0x0068	1 word	CH2 DI PowerOn Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40106	0x0069	1 word	CH3 DI PowerOn Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40107	0x006A	1 word	CH4 DI PowerOn Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40108	0x006B	1 word	CH5 DI PowerOn Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40109	0x006C	1 word	CH0 DI Safe Mode Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40110	0x006D	1 word	CH1 DI Safe Mode Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40111	0x006E	1 word	CH2 DI Safe Mode Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40112	0x006F	1 word	CH3 DI Safe Mode Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40113	0x0070	1 word	CH4 DI Safe Mode Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40114	0x0071	1 word	CH5 DI Safe Mode Counter Operate Status 0: Stop 1: Start
40115	0x0072	1 Word	CH0 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
40116	0x0073	1 Word	CH1 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
40117	0x0074	1 Word	CH2 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
40118	0x0075	1 Word	CH3 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
40119	0x0076	1 Word	CH4 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF

40120	0x0077	1 Word	CH5 DI set channel Power-off storage enable ON/OFF 1:ON 0:OFF
40121	0x0078	1 Word	CH0 DO Current Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
40122	0x0079	1 Word	CH0 DO Current Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
40123	0x007A	1 Word	CH1 DO Current Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
40124	0x007B	1 Word	CH1 DO Current Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
40125	0x007C	1 Word	CH2 DO Current Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
40126	0x007D	1 Word	CH2 DO Current Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
40127	0x007E	1 Word	CH3 DO Current Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
40128	0x007F	1 Word	CH3 DO Current Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
40129	0x0080	1 Word	CH4 DO Current Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
40130	0x0081	1 Word	CH4 DO Current Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
40131	0x0082	1 Word	CH5 DO Current Relay Count Value Hi-Byte
40132	0x0083	1 Word	CH5 DO Current Relay Count Value Lo-Byte
40133	0x0084	1 Word	Power On Sequence CH0 DO Delay time (MAX 300 Seconds)
40134	0x0085	1 Word	Power On Sequence CH1 DO Delay time(MAX 300 Seconds)
40135	0x0086	1 Word	Power On Sequence CH2 DO Delay time(MAX 300 Seconds)
40136	0x0087	1 Word	Power On Sequence CH3 DO Delay time(MAX 300 Seconds)
40137	0x0088	1 Word	Power On Sequence CH4 DO Delay time(MAX 300 Seconds)
40138	0x0089	1 Word	Power On Sequence CH5 DO Delay time(MAX 300 Seconds)
40377	0x0178	1 Word	Internal Register 00 Value
40378	0x0179	1 Word	Internal Register 01 Value
40379	0x017A	1 Word	Internal Register 02 Value
40380	0x017B	1 Word	Internal Register 03 Value
40381	0x017C	1 Word	Internal Register 04 Value
40382	0x017D	1 Word	Internal Register 05 Value
40383	0x017E	1 Word	Internal Register 06 Value
40384	0x017F	1 Word	Internal Register 07 Value
40385	0x0180	1 Word	Internal Register 08 Value
40386	0x0181	1 Word	Internal Register 09 Value

40387	0x0182	1 Word	Internal Register 10 Value
40388	0x0183	1 Word	Internal Register 11 Value
40389	0x0184	1 Word	Internal Register 12 Value
40390	0x0185	1 Word	Internal Register 13 Value
40391	0x0186	1 Word	Internal Register 14 Value
40392	0x0187	1 Word	Internal Register 15 Value
40393	0x0188	1 Word	Internal Register 16 Value
40394	0x0189	1 Word	Internal Register 17 Value
40395	0x018A	1 Word	Internal Register 18 Value
40396	0x018B	1 Word	Internal Register 19 Value
40397	0x018C	1 Word	Internal Register 20 Value
40398	0x018D	1 Word	Internal Register 21 Value
40399	0x018E	1 Word	Internal Register 22 Value
40400	0x018F	1 Word	Internal Register 23 Value

Used Network Port Numbers

E2214 Network Port Usage

Port	Type	Usage
68	UDP	BOOTPC
68	UDP	DHCP
69	UDP	Export/import file
80	TCP	Web Server
161	TCP	SNMP
502	TCP	Modbus Communication
4800	UDP	Auto search
9020	TCP	Peer-to-Peer function
9000	TCP	Active Message (Default)
9000	UDP	Active Message (Default)
9900	TCP	Active Tags updates (default)
4040	TCP	ioEventLog

D

SNMP Agents with MIB II, RS-232-like Groups

RFC1213 MIB II Supported SNMP Variables

The following SNMP variables are built into the ioLogik firmware and are compliant with RFC1213 MIB II.

System MIB	Interfaces MIB	IP MIB	ICMP MIB
SysDescr	ifNumber	ipForwarding	IcmpInMsgs
SysObjectID	ifIndex	ipDefaultTTL	IcmpInErrors
SysUpTime	ifDescr	ipInreceives	IcmpInDestUnreachs
SysContact	ifType	ipInHdrErrors	IcmpInTimeExcds
SysName	ifMtu	ipInAddrErrors	IcmpInParmProbs
SysLocation	ifSpeed	ipForwDatagrams	IcmpInSrcQuenchs
SysServices	ifPhysAddress	ipInUnknownProtos	IcmpInRedirects
SysServices	ifAdminStatus	ipInDiscards	IcmpInEchos
	ifOperStatus	ipInDelivers	IcmpInEchoReps
	ifLastChange	ipOutRequests	IcmpInTimestamps
	ifInOctets	ipOutDiscards	IcmpTimestampReps
	ifInUcastPkts	ipOutNoRoutes	IcmpInAddrMasks
	ifInNUcastPkts	ipReasmTimeout	IcmpOutMsgs
	ifInDiscards	ipReasmReqds	IcmpOutErrors
	ifInErrors	ipReasmOKs	IcmpOutDestUnreachs

Interfaces MIB	IP MIB	ICMP MIB
ifInUnknownProtos	ipReasmFails	IcmpOutTimeExcds
ifOutOctets	ipFragOKs	IcmpOutParmProbs
ifOutUcastPkts	ipFragFails	IcmpOutSrcQuenchs
ifOutNUcastPkts	ipFragCreates	IcmpOutRedirects
ifOutDiscards	ipAdEntAddr	IcmpOutEchos
ifOutErrors	ipAdEntIfIndex	IcmpOutEchoReps
ifOutQLen	ipAdEntNetMask	IcmpOutTimestamps
ifSpecific	ipAdEntBcastAddr	IcmpOutTimestampReps
	ipAdEntReasmMaxSize	IcmpOutAddrMasks
	ipRouteDest	IcmpOutAddrMaskReps
	ipRouteIfIndex	
	ipRouteMetric1	
	ipRouteMetric2	
	ipRouteMetric3	
	ipRouteMetric4	
	ipRouteNextHop	
	ipRouteType	
	ipRouteProto	
	ipRouteAge	
	ipRouteMask	
	ipRouteMetric5	
	ipRouteInfo	
	IpNetToMediaIfIndex	
	IpNetToMediaPhysAddress	
	IpNetToMediaNetAddress	
	IpNetToMediaType	
	IpRoutingDiscards	

UDP MIB	TCP MIB	SNMP MIB
UdpInDatagrams	tcpRtoAlgorithm	snmpInPkts
UdpNoPorts	tcpRtoMin	snmpOutPkts
UdpInErrors	tcpRtoMax	snmpInBadVersions
UdpOutDatagrams	tcpMaxConn	snmpInBadCommunityNames
UdpLocalAddress	tcpActiveOpens	snmpInBadCommunityUses
UdpLocalPort	tcpPassiveOpens	snmpInASNParseErrs
	tcpAttempFails	snmpInTooBig
	tcpEstabResets	snmpInNoSuchNames
Address Translation MIB	tcpCurrEstab	snmpInBadValues
AtIfIndex	tcpInSegs	snmpInReadOnly
AtPhysAddress	tcpOutSegs	snmpInGenErrs
AtNetAddress	tcpRetransSegs	snmpInTotalReqVars

Address Translation MIB	TCP MIB	SNMP MIB
AtNetAddress	tcpConnState	snmpInTotalSetVars
	tcpConnLocalAddress	snmpInGetRequests
	tcpConnLocalPort	snmpInGetNexts
	tcpConnRemAddress	snmpInSetRequests
	tcpConnRemPort	snmpInGetResponses
	tcpInErrs	snmpInTraps
	tcpOutRsts	snmpOutTooBig
		snmpOutNoSuchNames
		snmpOutBadValues
		snmpOutGenErrs
		snmpOutGetRequests
		snmpOutGetNexts
		snmpOutSetRequests
		snmpOutGetResponses
		snmpOutTraps
		snmpEnableAuthenTraps

Private MIB File and SNMP Variables

Moxa also provides an SNMP to I/O MIB file that can help you monitor I/O status with SNMP software. You can find the MIB file on the Document and Software CD.

Moxa IO MIB	Moxa IO MIB
totalChannelNumber	DI03-Mode
serverModel	DI03-Status
systemTime	DI03-Filter
firmwareVersion	DI03-Tigger
DI00-Index	DI03-CntStart
DI00-Type	DI04-Index
DI00-Mode	DI04-Type
DI00-Status	DI04-Mode
DI00-Filter	DI04-Status
DI00-Tigger	DI04-Filter
DI00-CntStart	DI04-Tigger
DI01-Index	DI04-CntStart
DI01-Type	DI05-Index
DI01-Mode	DI05-Type
DI01-Status	DI05-Mode
DI01-Filter	DI05-Status
DI01-Tigger	DI05-Filter
DI01-CntStart	DI05-Tigger
DI02-Index	DI05-CntStart
DI02-Type	
DI02-Mode	
DI02-Status	
DI02-Filter	
DI02-Tigger	
DI02-CntStart	
DI03-Index	
DI03-Type	
Moxa IO MIB	Moxa IO MIB
DO00-Index	DO03-Index
DO00-Type	DO03-Type
DO00-Mode	DO03-Mode
DO00-Status	DO03-Status
DO00-LowWidth	DO03-LowWidth
DO00-HighWidth	DO03-HighWidth
DO00-PulseStart	DO03-PulseStart
DO00-CurrentRelayCNT	DO03-CurrentRelayCNT
DO00-TotalRelayCNT	DO03-TotalRelayCNT
DO01-Index	DO04-Index
DO01-Type	DO04-Type
DO01-Mode	DO04-Mode
DO01-Status	DO04-Status
DO01-LowWidth	DO04-LowWidth
DO01-HighWidth	DO04-HighWidth

DO01-PulseStart	DO04-PulseStart
DO01-CurrentRelayCNT	DO04-CurrentRelayCNT
DO01-TotalRelayCNT	DO04-TotalRelayCNT
DO02-Index	DO05-Index
DO02-Type	DO05-Type
DO02-Mode	DO05-Mode
DO02-Status	DO05-Status
DO02-LowWidth	DO05-LowWidth
DO02-HighWidth	DO05-HighWidth
DO02-PulseStart	DO05-PulseStart
DO02-CurrentRelayCNT	DO05-CurrentRelayCNT
DO02-TotalRelayCNT	DO05-TotalRelayCNT

CGI Commands

Using a web browser or standard http protocol, it will be easy for a Security SCADA system to monitor and control an ioLogik via CGI commands.

Syntax to get the settings is as follows. Starting with the ioLogik's IP or URL, specify **getParam.cgi** with a question mark. Then specify the command with another question mark as the ending. Those commands are case sensitive and the **&** sign is used to combine multiple commands.

[http://IP/getParam.cgi?command_channel=?&command_channel=?&.....\(Max 200 char\)](http://IP/getParam.cgi?command_channel=?&command_channel=?&.....(Max 200 char))

Commands to get system information	Commands to get system information
DATE	FWR_V
TIME	MOD_NAME
IP	SN_NUM
LOC	MAC_ADDR
DESC	

Commands to get DI information	Commands to get DI information
DIMode_00 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)	DIMode_01 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)
DIStatus_00 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DIStatus_01 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DIFilter_00	DIFilter_01
DITrigger_00 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)	DITrigger_01 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)
DICntStart_00 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DICntStart_01 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DICNT_00	DICNT_01
DIMode_02 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)	DIMode_03 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)
DIStatus_02 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DIStatus_03 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DIFilter_02	DIFilter_03
DITrigger_02 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)	DITrigger_03 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)
DICntStart_02 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DICntStart_03 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DICNT_02	DICNT_03

DIMode_04 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)	DIMode_05 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)
DIStatus_04 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DIStatus_05 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DIFilter_04	DIFilter_05
DITrigger_04 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)	DITrigger_05 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)
DICntStart_04 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DICntStart_05 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DICNT_04	DICNT_05

Commands to get DO information	Commands to get DO information
DOMode_00 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)	DOMode_01 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)
DOStatus_00 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DOStatus_01 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DOLowWidth_00	DOLowWidth_01
DOHighWidth_00	DOHighWidth_01
DOPulseStart_00 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DOPulseStart_01 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DOTotalRelayCNT_00	DOTotalRelayCNT_01
DOCurrentRelayCNT_00	DOCurrentRelayCNT_01
DOMode_02 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)	DOMode_03 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)
DOStatus_02 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DOStatus_03 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DOLowWidth_02	DOLowWidth_03
DOHighWidth_02	DOHighWidth_03
DOPulseStart_02 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DOPulseStart_03 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DOTotalRelayCNT_02	DOTotalRelayCNT_03
DOCurrentRelayCNT_02	DOCurrentRelayCNT_03
DOMode_04 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)	DOMode_05 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)
DOStatus_04 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DOStatus_05 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DOLowWidth_04	DOLowWidth_05
DOHighWidth_04	DOHighWidth_05
DOPulseStart_04 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DOPulseStart_05 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DOTotalRelayCNT_04	DOTotalRelayCNT_05
DOCurrentRelayCNT_04	DOCurrentRelayCNT_05

Syntax to get the settings is as follows. Starting with the ioLogik's IP or URL, specify **setParam.cgi** with a question mark. Then specify the command with another question mark as the ending. Those commands are case sensitive and the **&** sign is used to combine multiple commands.

[**http://IP/setParam.cgi?command_channel=value&command_channel=value&..\(Max 200 char\)**](http://IP/setParam.cgi?command_channel=value&command_channel=value&..(Max 200 char))

Commands to set DI channels	Commands to set DI channels
DIMode_00 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)	DIMode_01 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)
DIFilter_00	DIFilter_01
DITrigger_00 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)	DITrigger_01 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)
DICntStart_00 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DICntStart_01 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DIMode_02 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)	DIMode_03 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)
DIFilter_02	DIFilter_03
DITrigger_02 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)	DITrigger_03 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)
DICntStart_02 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DICntStart_03 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DIMode_04 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)	DIMode_05 (0:DI, 1:COUNTER)
DIFilter_04	DIFilter_05
DITrigger_04 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)	DITrigger_05 (0:LOW TO HIGH, 1:HIGH TO LOW, 2:BOTH)
DICntStart_04 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DICntStart_05 (0:STOP, 1:START)

Commands to set DO channels	Commands to set DO channels
DOMode_00 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)	DOMode_01 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)
DOStatus_00 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DOStatus_01 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DOLowWidth_00	DOLowWidth_01
DOHighWidth_00	DOHighWidth_01
DOPulseStart_00 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DOPulseStart_01 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DOCurrentRelayCNT_00	DOCurrentRelayCNT_01
DOMode_02 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)	DOMode_03 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)
DOStatus_02 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DOStatus_03 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DOLowWidth_02	DOLowWidth_03

DOHighWidth_02	DOHighWidth_03
DOPulseStart_02 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DOPulseStart_03 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DOCurrentRelayCNT_02	DOCurrentRelayCNT_03
DOMode_04 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)	DOMode_05 (0:DO, 1:PULSE OUTPUT)
DOStatus_04 (0:OFF, 1:ON)	DOStatus_05 (0:OFF, 1:ON)
DOLowWidth_04	DOLowWidth_05
DOHighWidth_04	DOHighWidth_05
DOPulseStart_04 (0:STOP, 1:START)	DOPulseStart_05 (0:STOP, 1:START)
DOCurrentRelayCNT_04	DOCurrentRelayCNT_05

Factory Default Settings

The factory default settings for the ioLogik E2214 are as follows:

IP address:	192.168.127.254
Netmask:	255.255.0.0
Gateway:	None
Communication Watchdog:	Disable
Modbus/TCP Alive Check:	ON
Modbus/TCP Timeout Interval:	60 sec

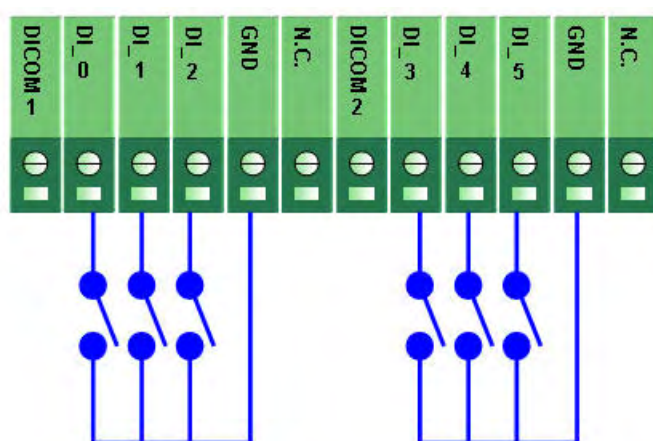
DI Mode:	DI
DI Safe Status:	Off
Filter Time for Counter:	$100 \times 0.5\text{mS}$
Counter Trigger Type:	Lo to Hi
Counter Status:	Stop

DO Mode:	DO
DO Safe Status:	Off
Pulse Low Width:	1
Pulse Hi Width:	1
No. of Pulses:	0 (continuous)

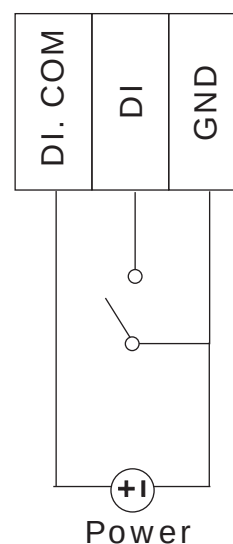
Password:	“empty”
Module Name:	“empty”
Module Location:	“empty”
SNMP:	Enable
Community:	Public
Contact:	“empty”
Location:	“empty”

Device Wiring Diagrams

Digital Input Dry Contact



DI Dry Contact

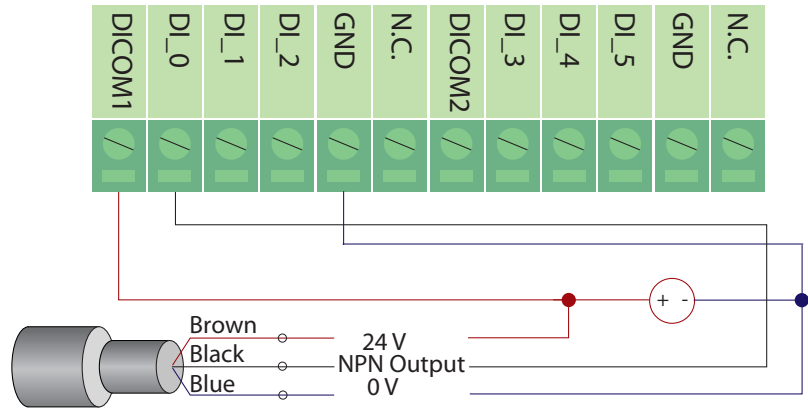


ATTENTION

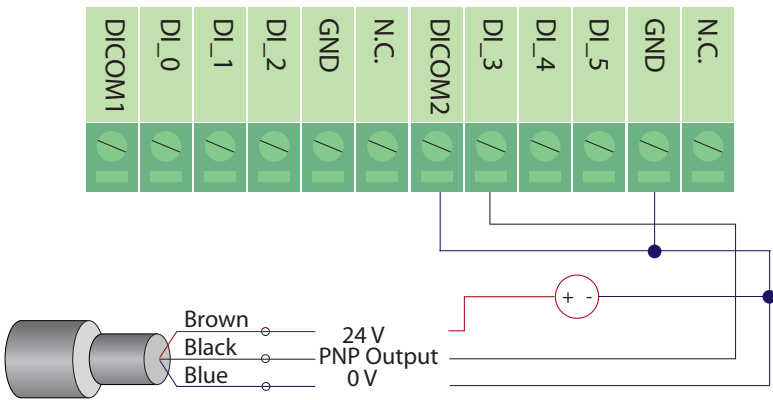
When connecting the I/O device to the ioLogik's dry contacts, we strongly recommended connecting DI.Com to the power of the external sensor to avoid affecting other channels.

Digital Input Wet Contact

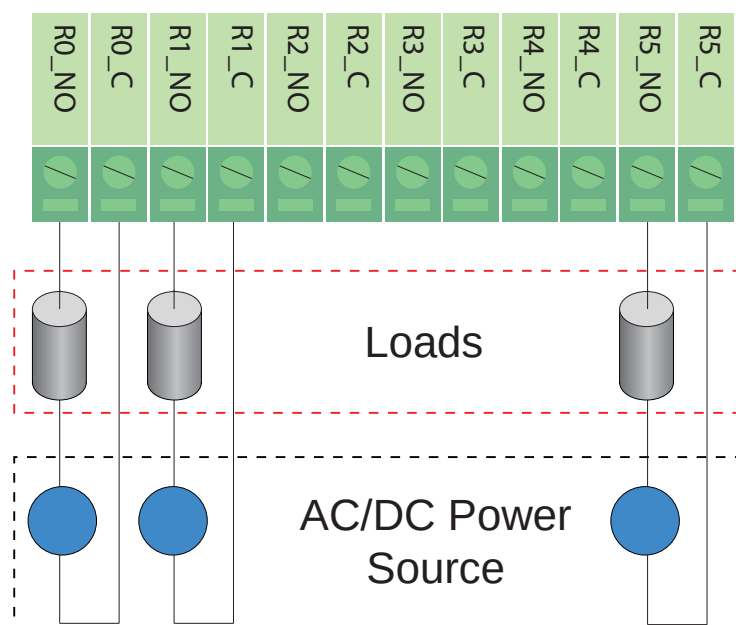
NPN Type Sensors Connection



PNP Type Sensors Connection



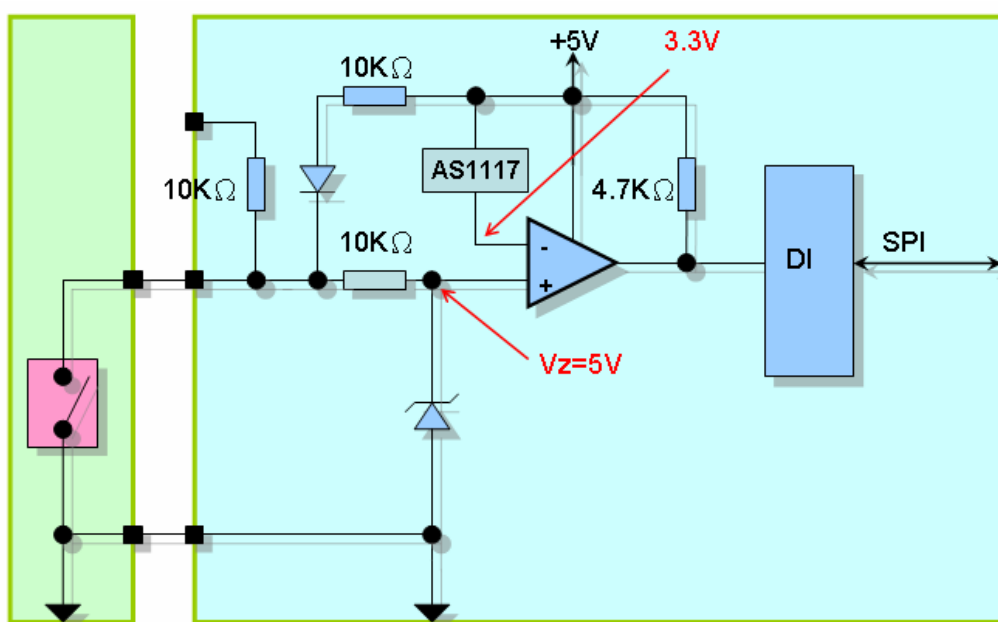
Digital Output Sink Mode



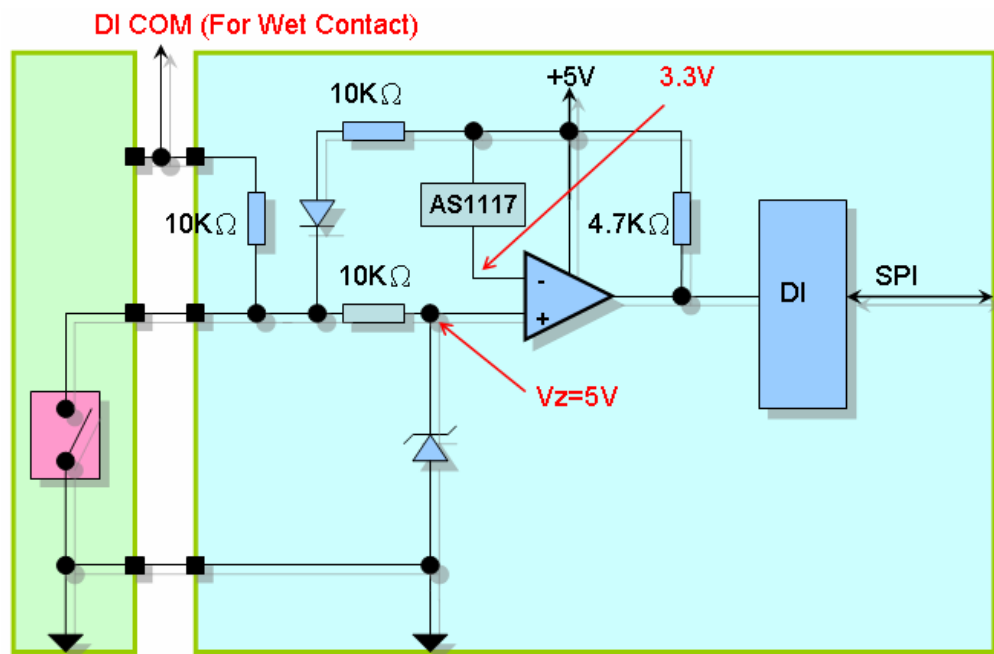
Circuit Diagrams

Digital Input Channel

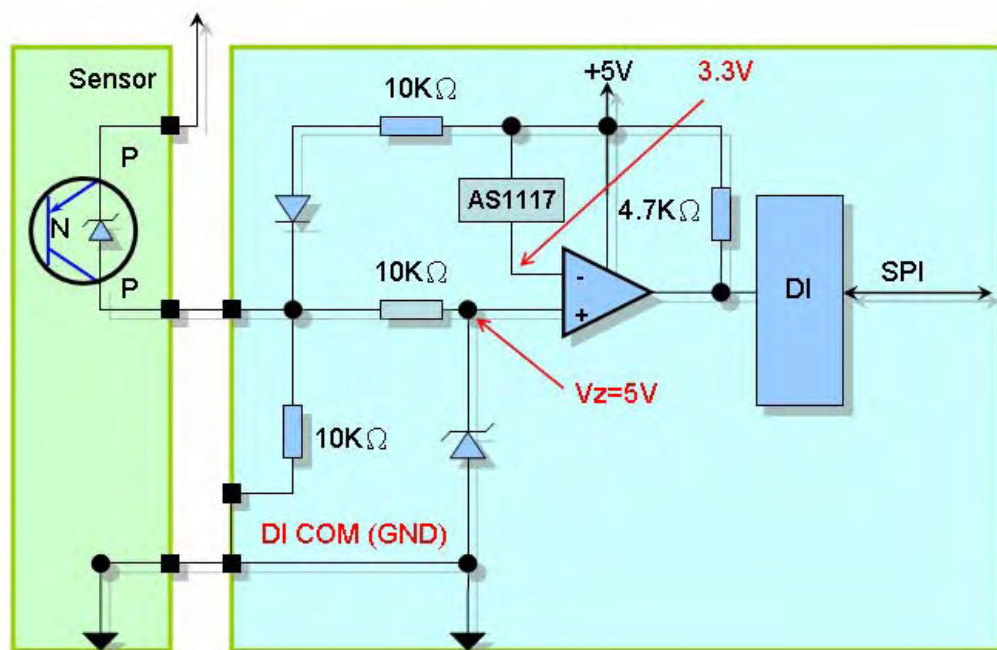
Dry Contact



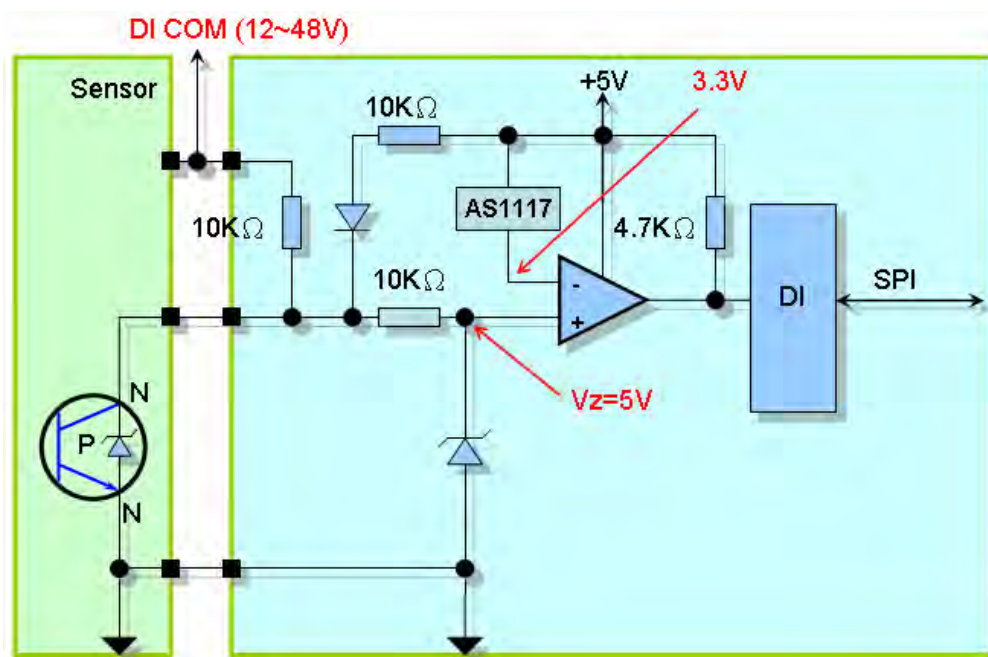
Wet Contact



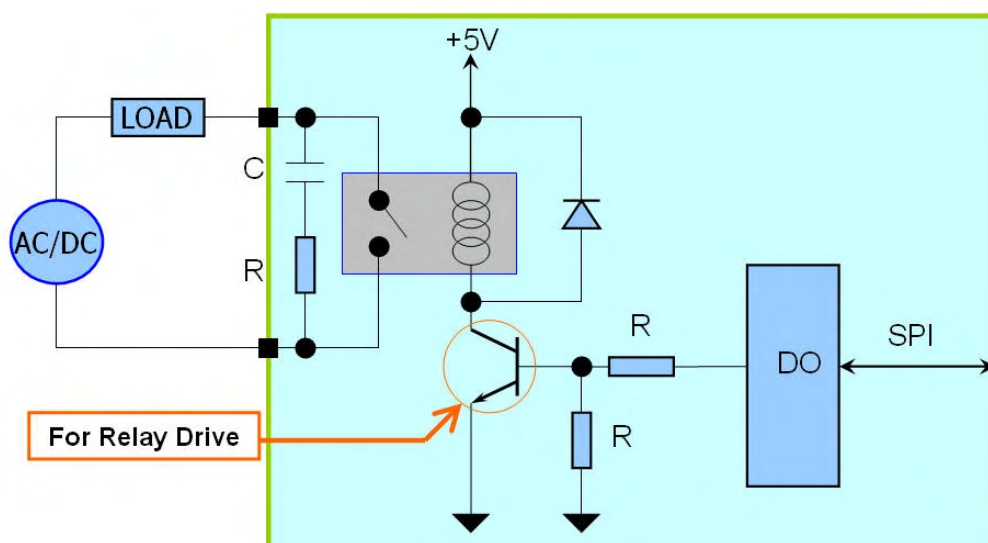
PNP Type Sensor Contact



NPN Type Sensor Contact



Digital Output Channel





Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

FCC Warning!

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

European Community (CE)

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.